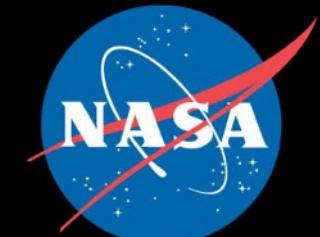
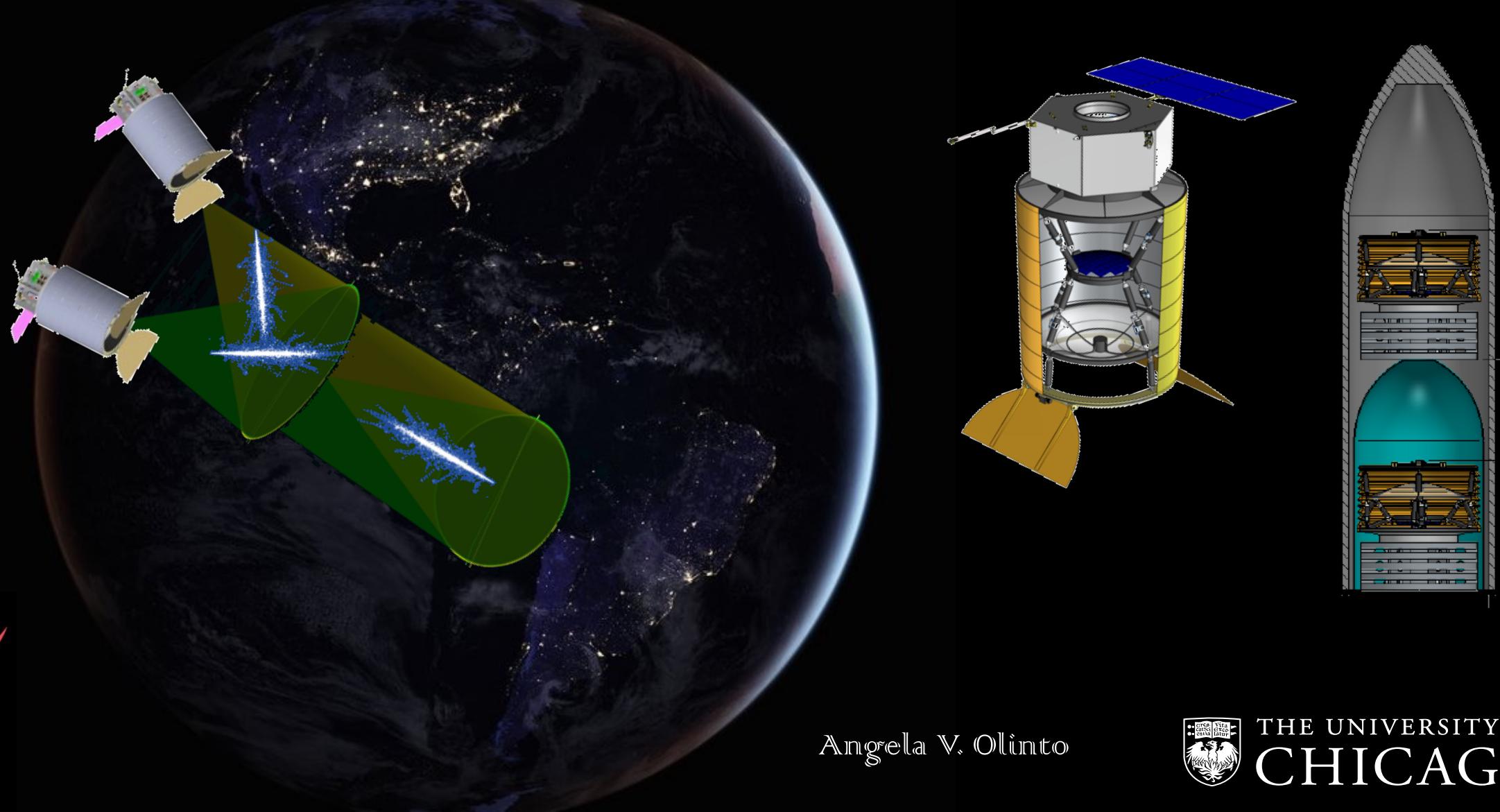




The POEMMA Observatory

PROBE OF EXTREME MULTI-MESSENGER ASTROPHYSICS



Angela V. Olinto

THE UNIVERSITY OF
CHICAGO



POEMMA Collaboration



USA: University of Chicago: A. V. Olinto (*PI*), S. S. Meyer, J. Eser, R. Diesing; **NASA/GSFC:** J. F. Krizmanic (deputy PI), E. Hays , J. McEnery, J. W. Mitchell, J. S Perkins, F. Stecker, T. M. Venters; **NASA/MSFC:** P. Bertone, M.J. Christl, R. M. Young;

Colorado School of Mines: F. Sarazin, L. Wiencke, G. Filippatos, V. Kungel, K.-D. Merenda; **University of Alabama, Huntsville:** J. Adams, E. Kuznetsov, P. Reardon, **University of Utah:** D. R. Bergman; University of Maryland: C. Guepin; **City University of New York, Lehman College:** L. Anchordoquy, T. C. Paul, J. F. Soriano; **Georgia Institute of Technology:** A. N. Otte, M. Bagheri, E. Gazda, O. Romero Matamala; **Space Sciences Laboratory, University of California, Berkeley:** E. Judd; **University of Iowa:** M. H. Reno, Y. Onel, J. Nachtman, D. Winn; **KIPAC, Stanford:** K. Fang

CZECH Rep: Palacký University: K. Černy, **Czech Academy of Sciences:** D. Mandát, M. Pech, P. Schovánek

DENMARK: NBI: M. Bustamante

FRANCE: APC Université de Paris 7: E. Parizot, G. Prevot; IAP, Paris: C. Guepin

GERMANY: KIT: R. Engel, A. Haungs, R. Ulrich, M. Unger;

ITALY: Università di Torino: M. E. Bertaina, D. Barghini, M. Battisti, F. Bisconti, F. Fenu, H. Miyamoto, Z. Plebaniak; **Gran Sasso Science Institute:** R. Aloisio, A. L. Cummings, I. De Mitri; **INFN Frascati:** M. Ricci, **INFN Tor Vergata:** M. Casolino, L. Marceli, **U. of Rome Tor Vergata:** P. Picozza; **INFN, Catania:** A. Anzalone, **INFN, Bari:** F. Cafagna, **Univ. Catania:** R. Caruso, **INFN, Napoli:** G. Osteria,

JAPAN: RIKEN: M. Casolino,, Y. Takizawa

MEXICO: UNAM: G. Medina Tanco

NORWAY: NTNU: F. Oikonomou

POLAND: University of Warsaw: L. W. Piotrowski; **NCNR, Lodz:** K. Shinozaki

RUSSIA: MSU: P. Klimov, M. Zотов

SLOVAKIA: IEP, Slovak Academy of Science: S. Mackovjak

SWITZERLAND: University of Geneva: A. Neronov

76 scientists from 38 institutions and 13 countries
OWL, JEM-EUSO, Auger, TA, Veritas, CTA, Fermi, Theory



Astroparticle Physics Questions:

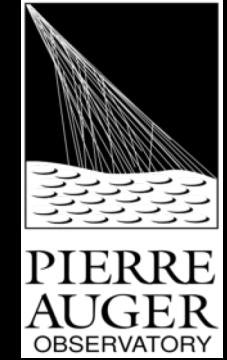
What are the sources of the **Ultra-High Energy Cosmic Rays (UHECRs)**?

Measure Spectrum, Composition, Anisotropies $E > 10^{19}$ eV = 10 EeV

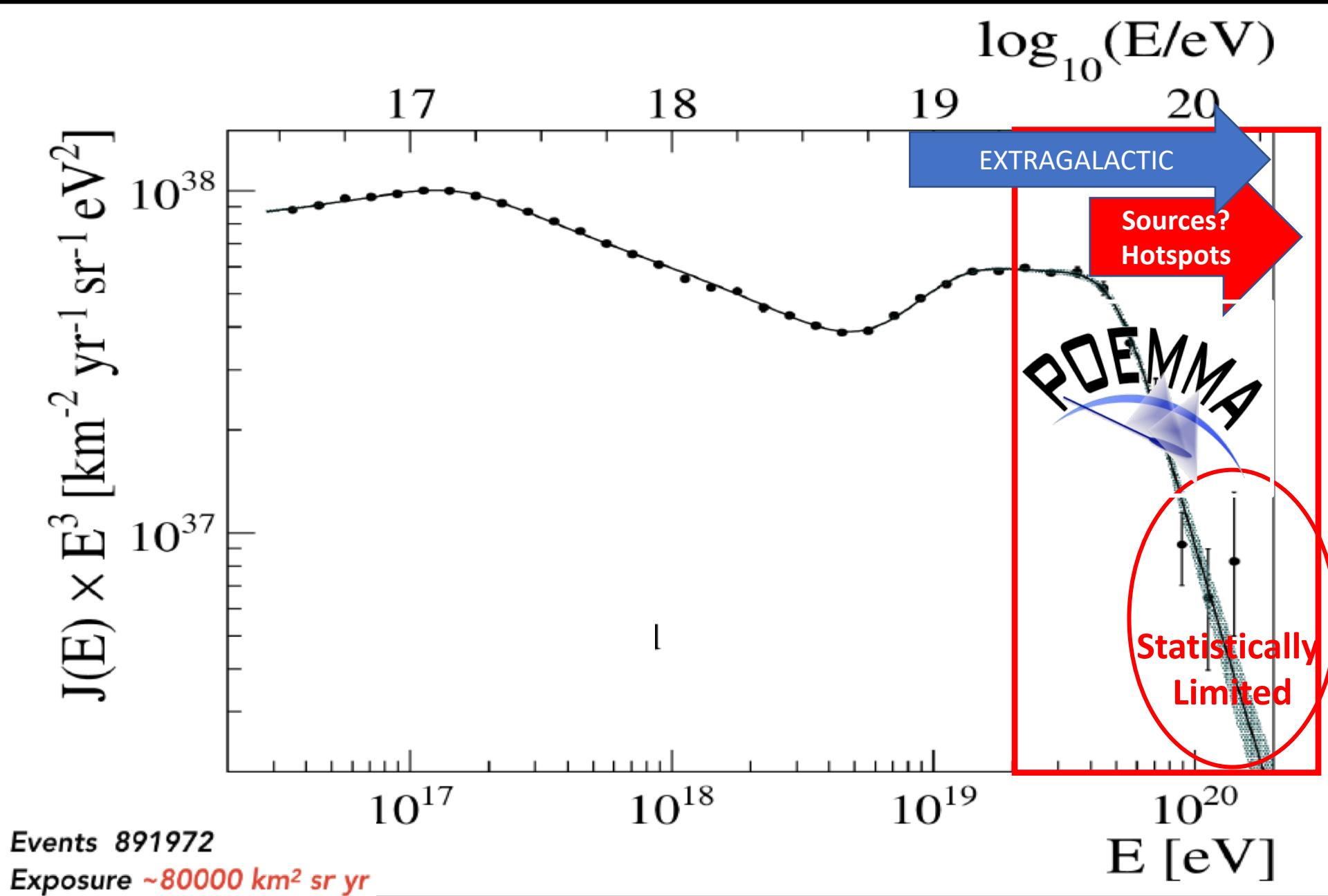
What are the sources of **Astrophysical Neutrinos**?

Multi-Messenger coincidence gamma-ray, gravitational waves, and neutrinos with $E > 10^{16}$ eV = 10 PeV

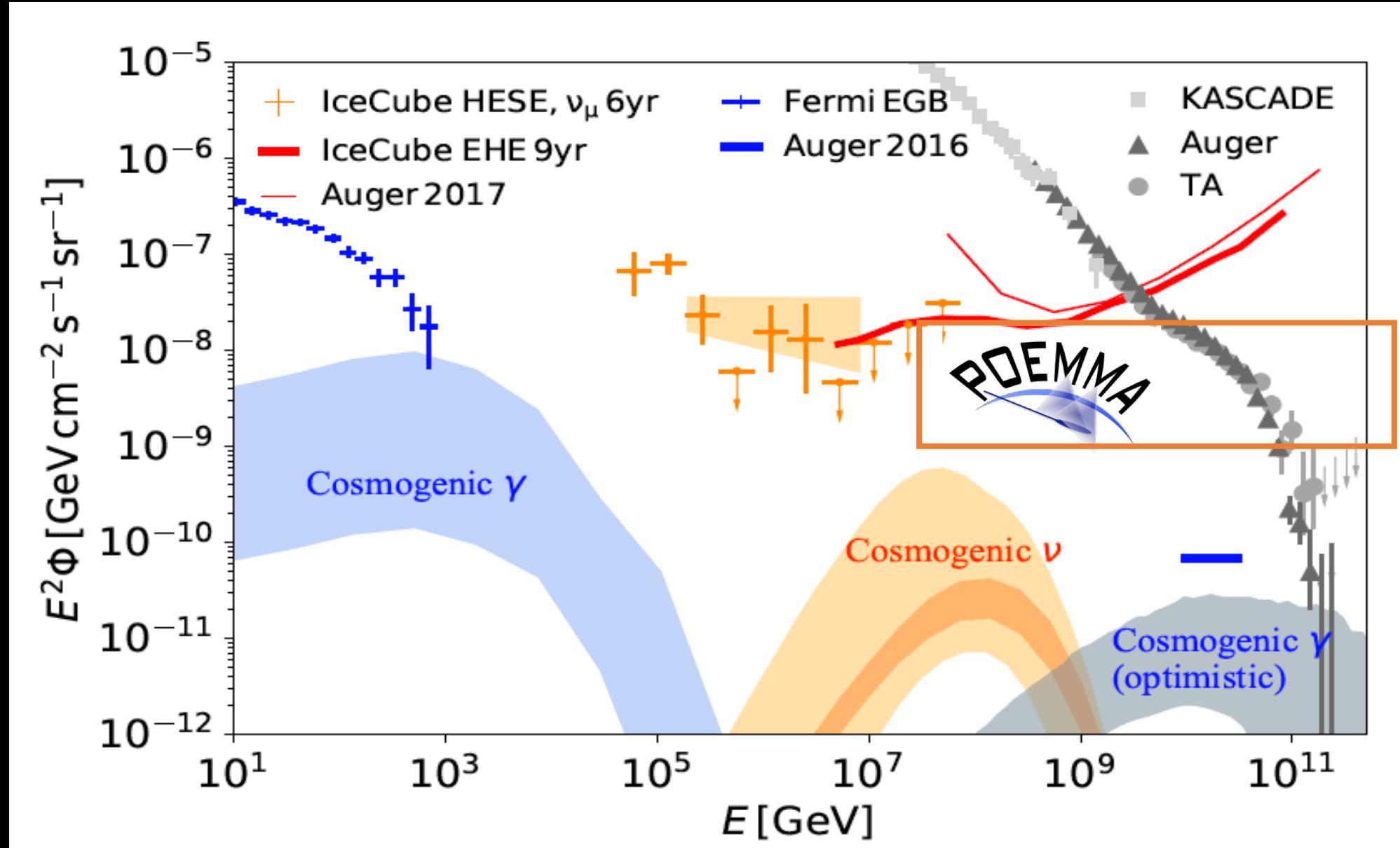
What is the physics and astrophysics at energies $>>$ “ground-based” accelerators?
Are there New Interactions or Dark Matter signatures (e.g., Secret Neutrino
Interactions, Extra-Dimensions, Supermassive Dark Matter, Macroscopic Dark
Matter)?



Auger Spectrum ICRC 2019



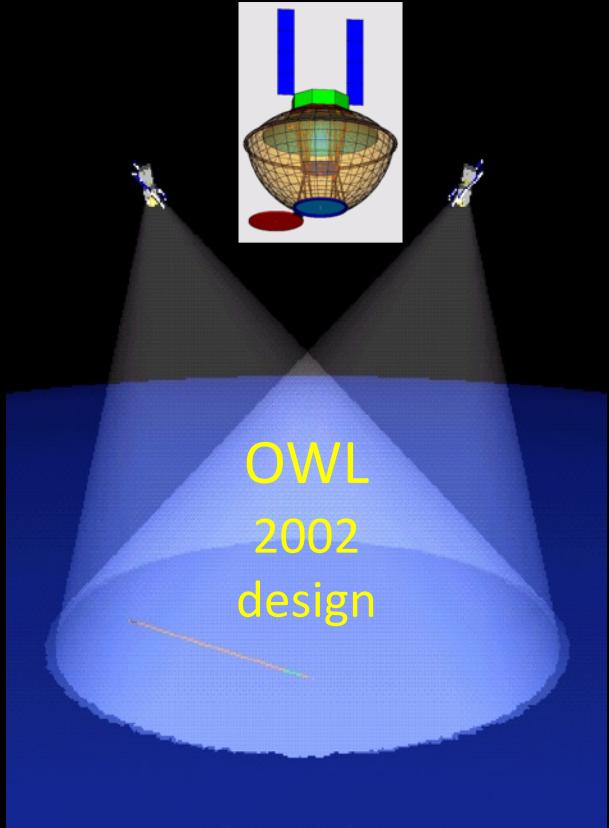
Cosmogenic and Astrophysical neutrinos





POEMMA Predecessors

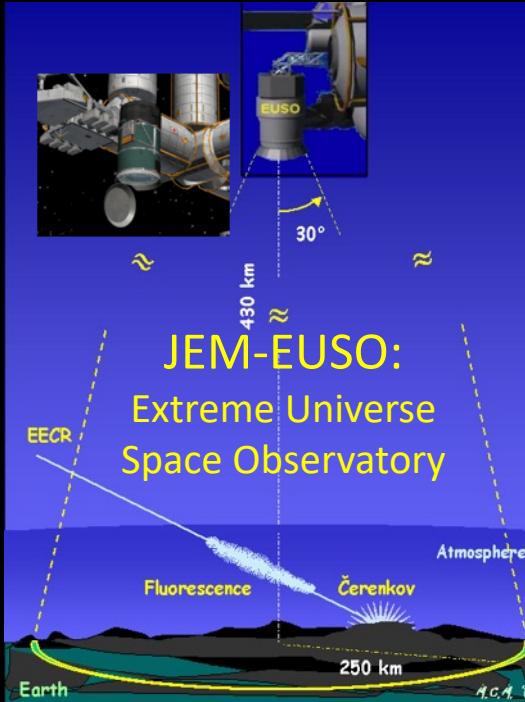
Based on OWL 2002 study, JEM-EUSO, EUSO balloon & SPB experience, and CHANT proposal



OWL
2002
design



TUS, KLYPVE-EUSO



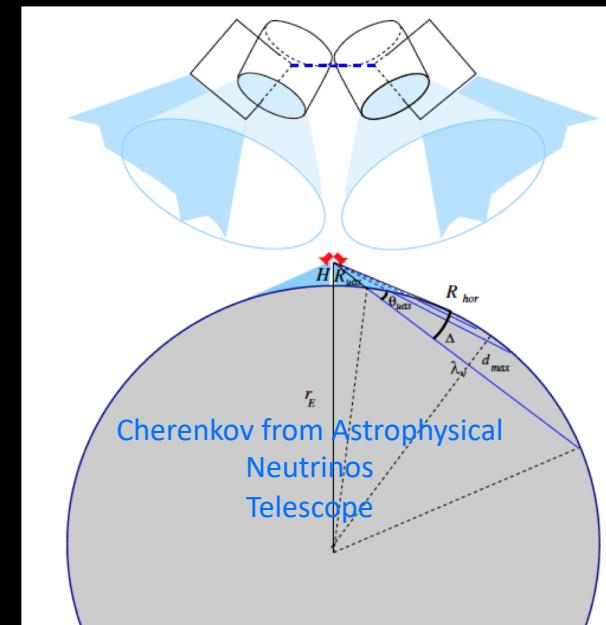
EUSO-Balloon
EUSO@TA
Mini-EUSO

EUSO-SPB1



EUSO-SPB2

CHANT





JEM-EUSO program

Joint Experiment Missions
Extreme Universe Space Observatory

EUSO-TA (2013-)

EUSO-Balloon (2014)

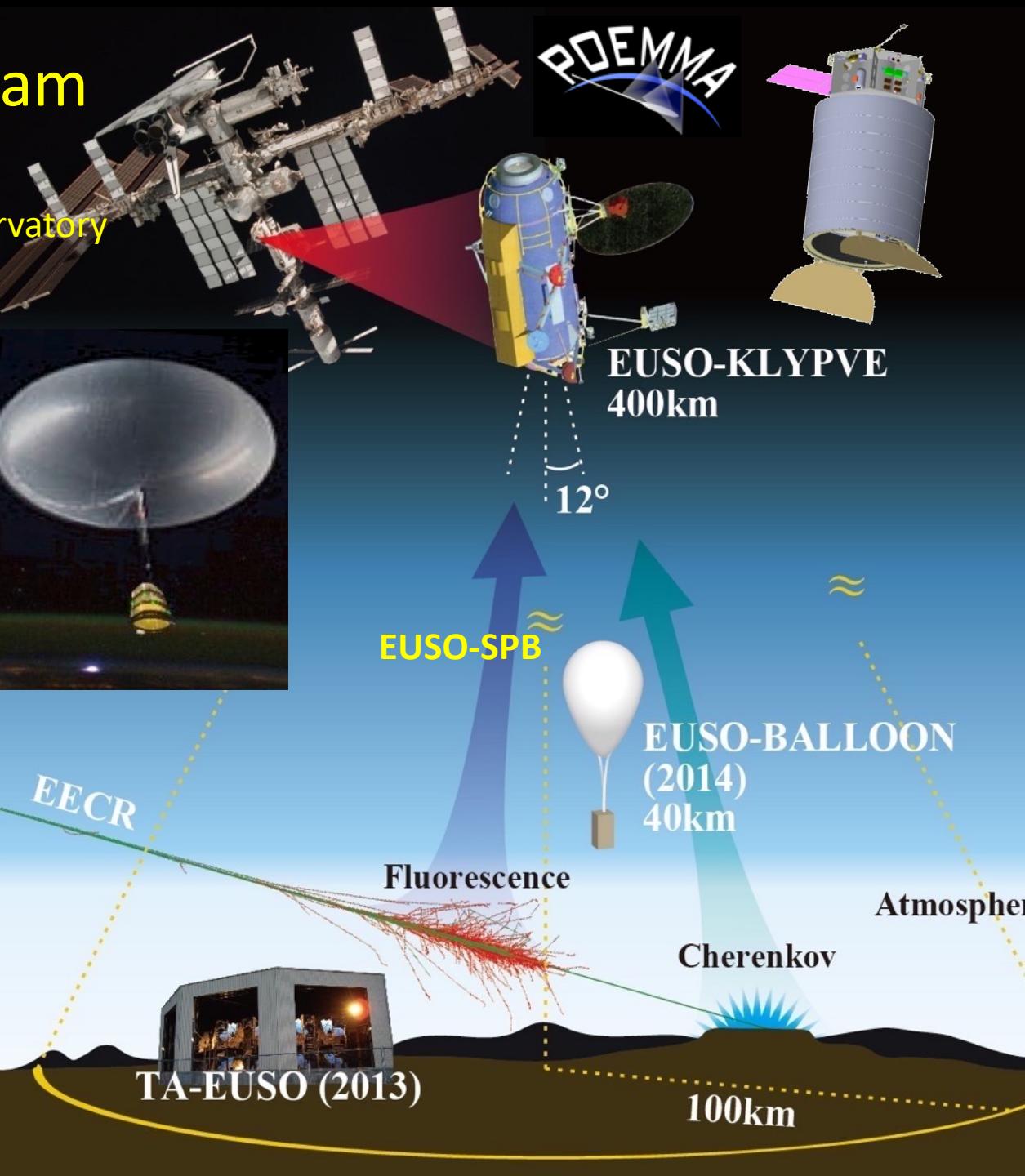
EUSO-SPB1 (2017)

Mini-EUSO (2019)

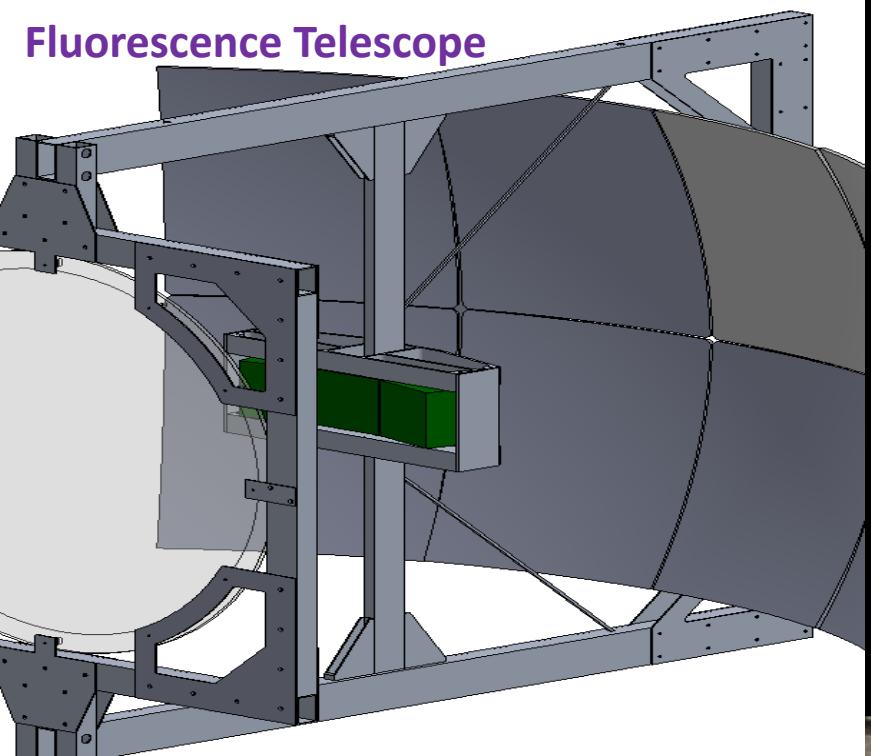
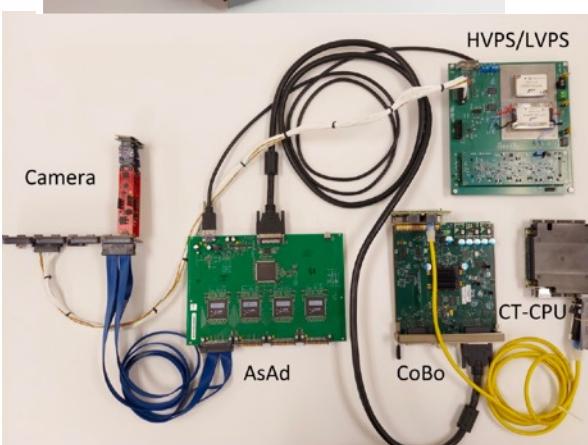
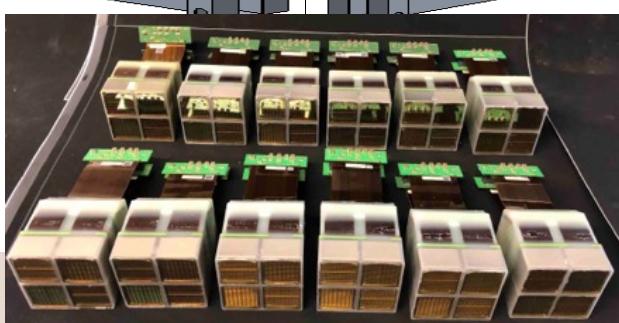
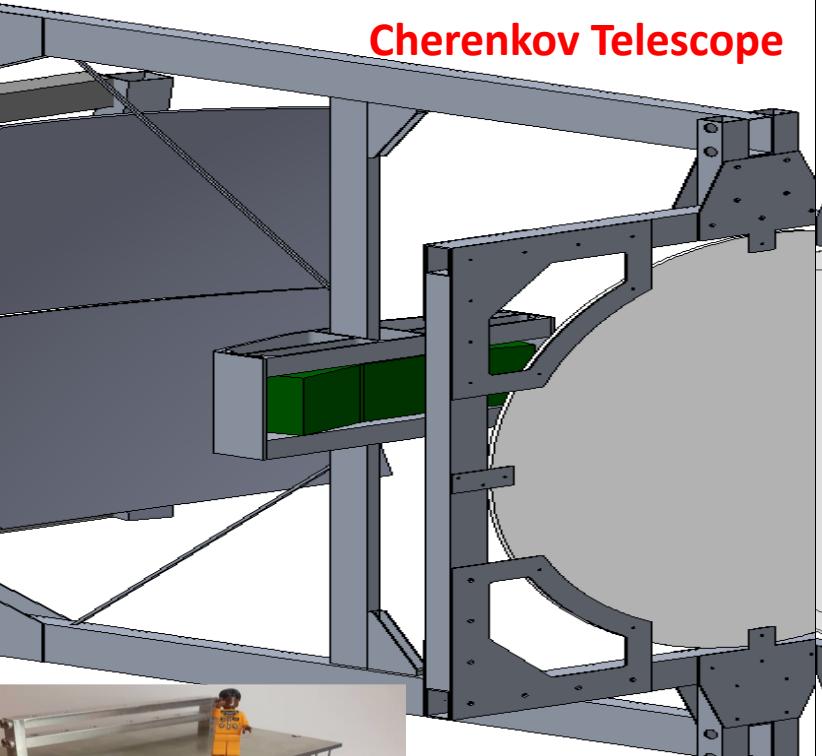
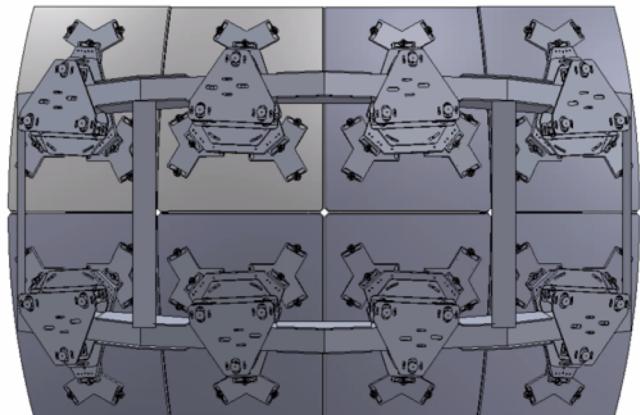
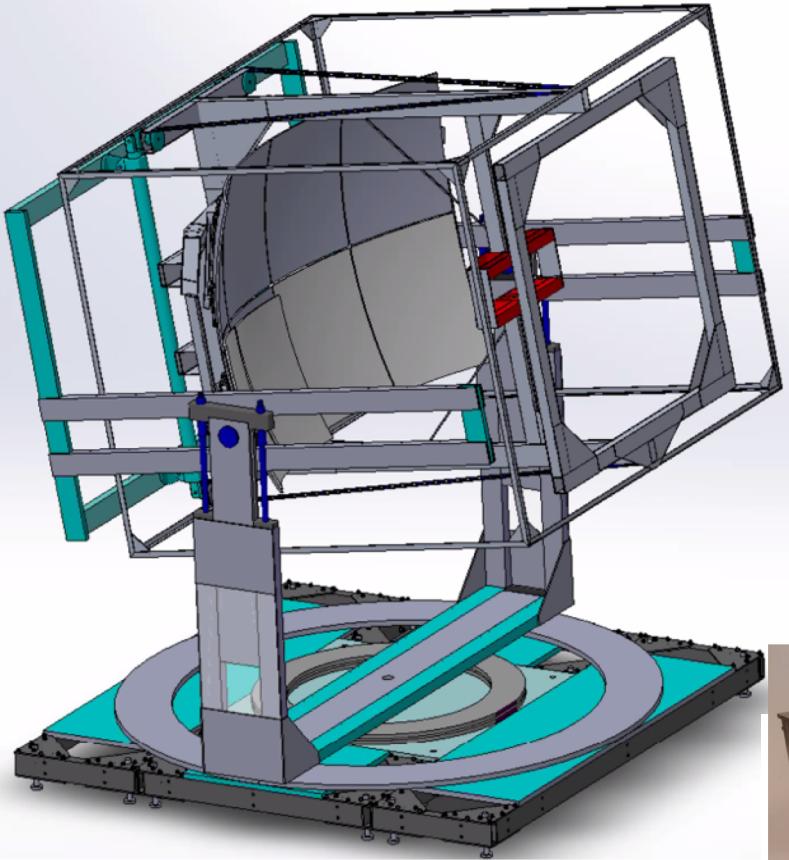
EUSO-SPB2 (2023)

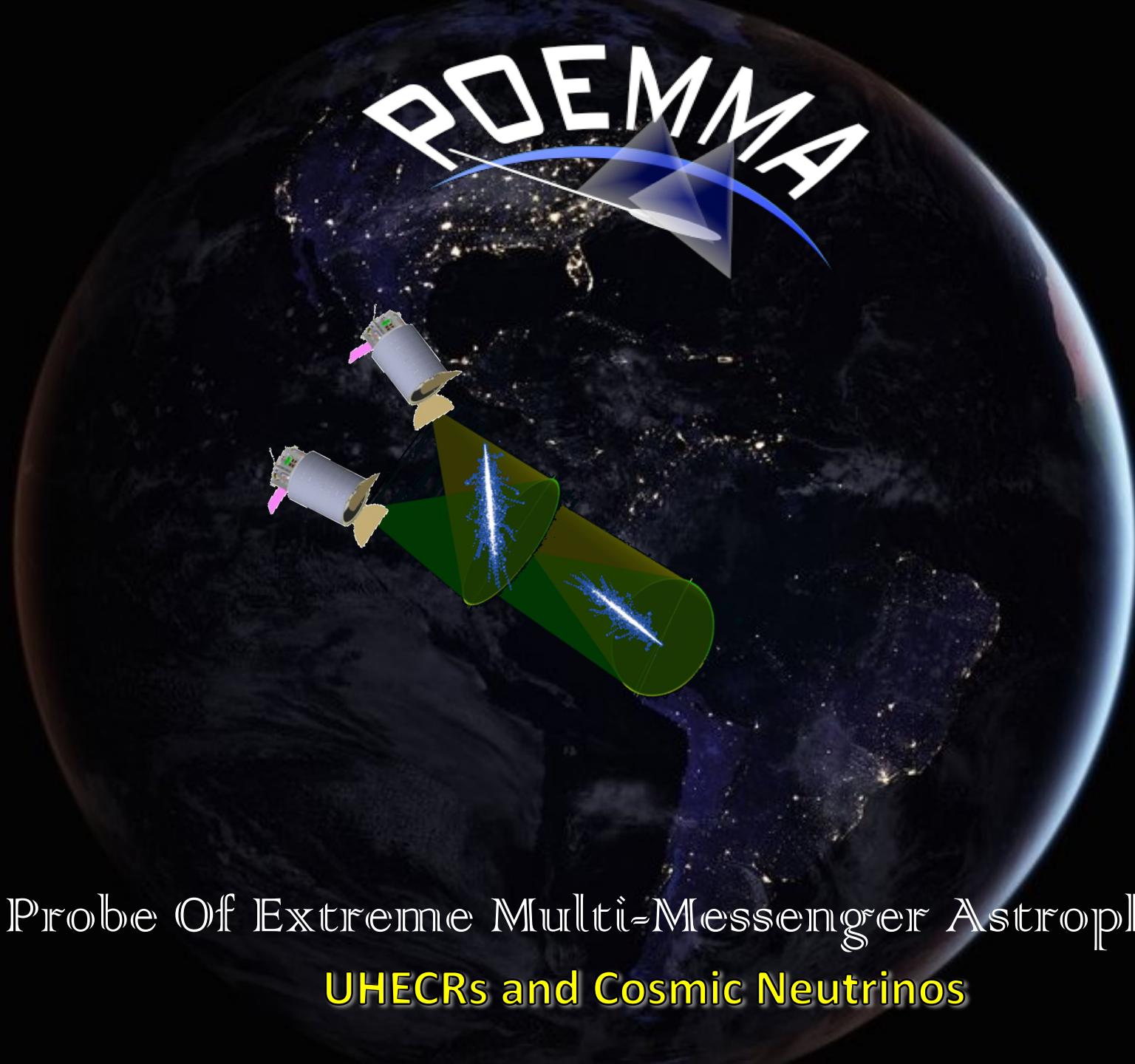
K-EUSO (2024+)

POEMMA (2028+)



↑
~53in (1.35m)





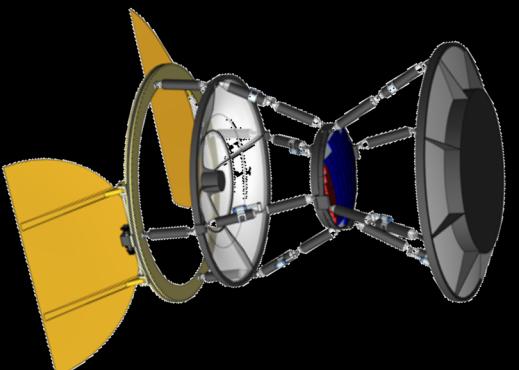
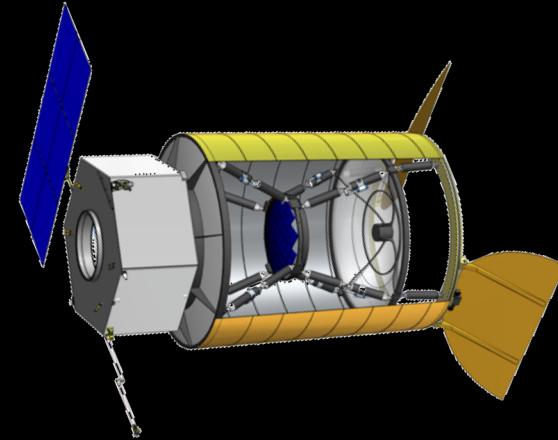
Probe Of Extreme Multi-Messenger Astrophysics
UHECRs and Cosmic Neutrinos



POEMMA at NASA-GSFC



Instrument Design Lab: Jul 31-Aug 4, 2017
Mission Design Lab: Oct 30-Nov 3, 2017



Pre-IDL Design

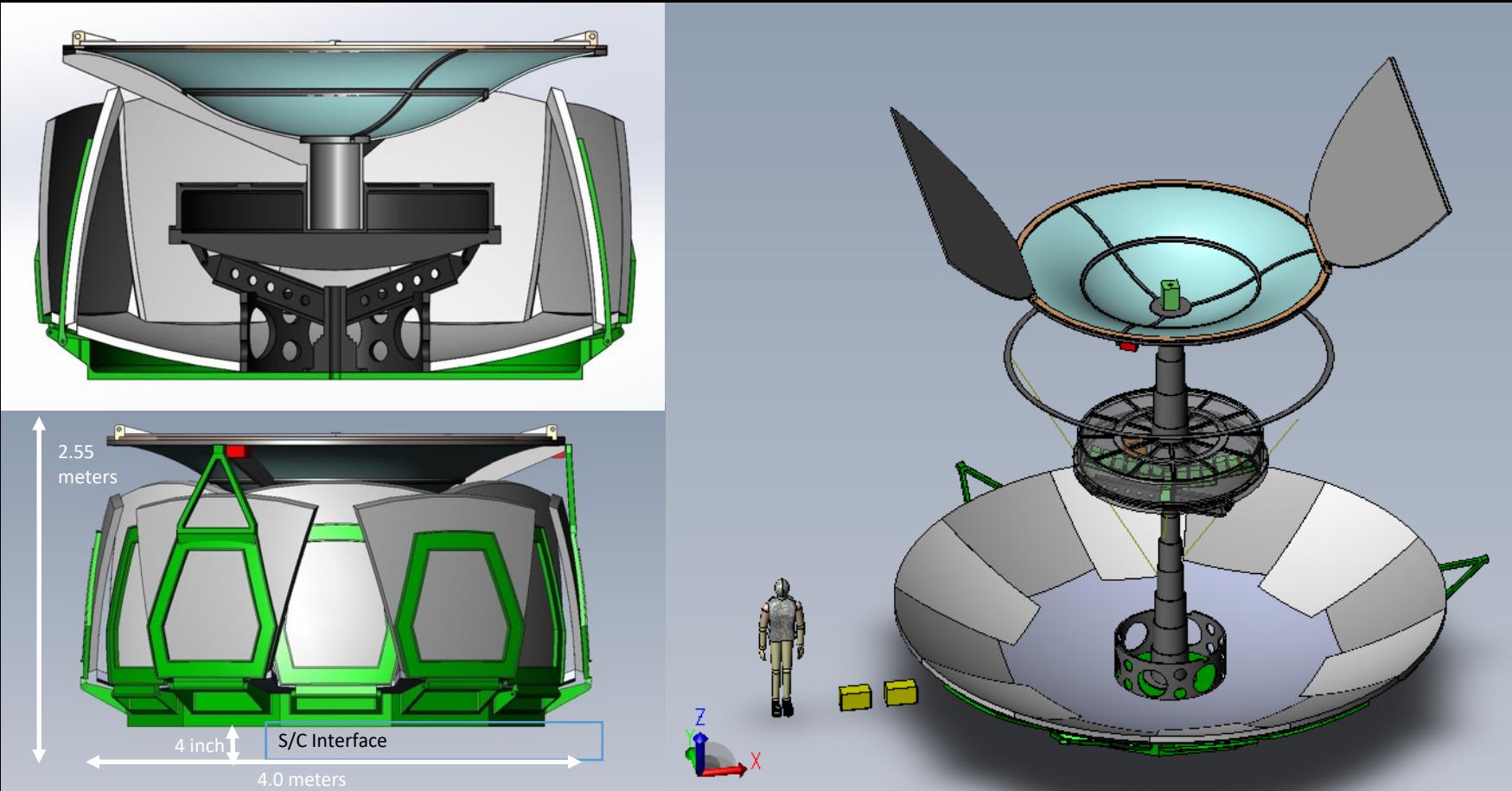
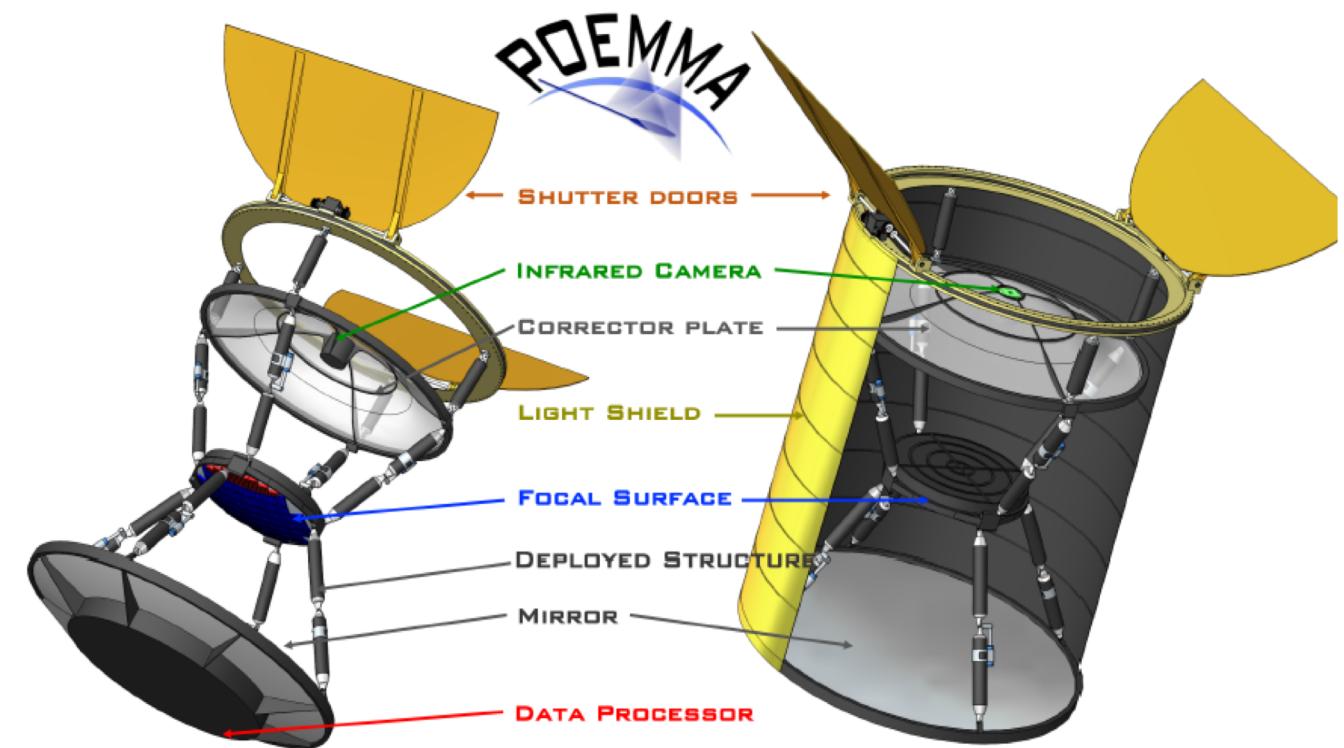


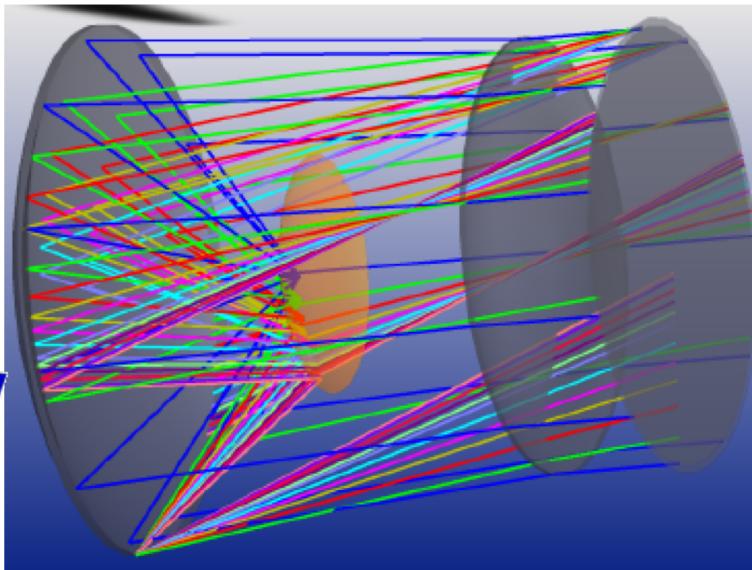
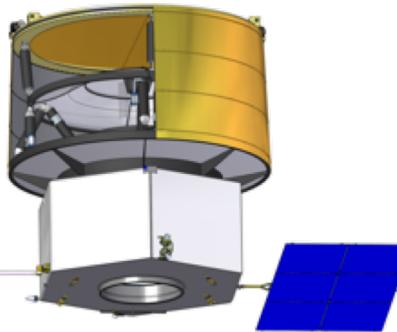
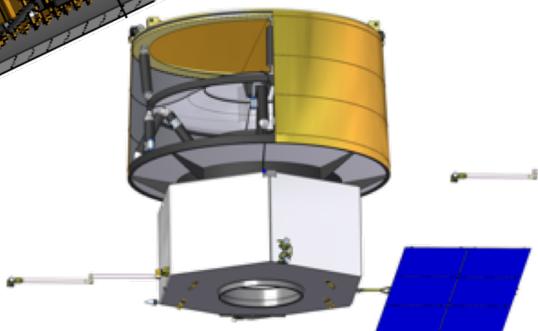
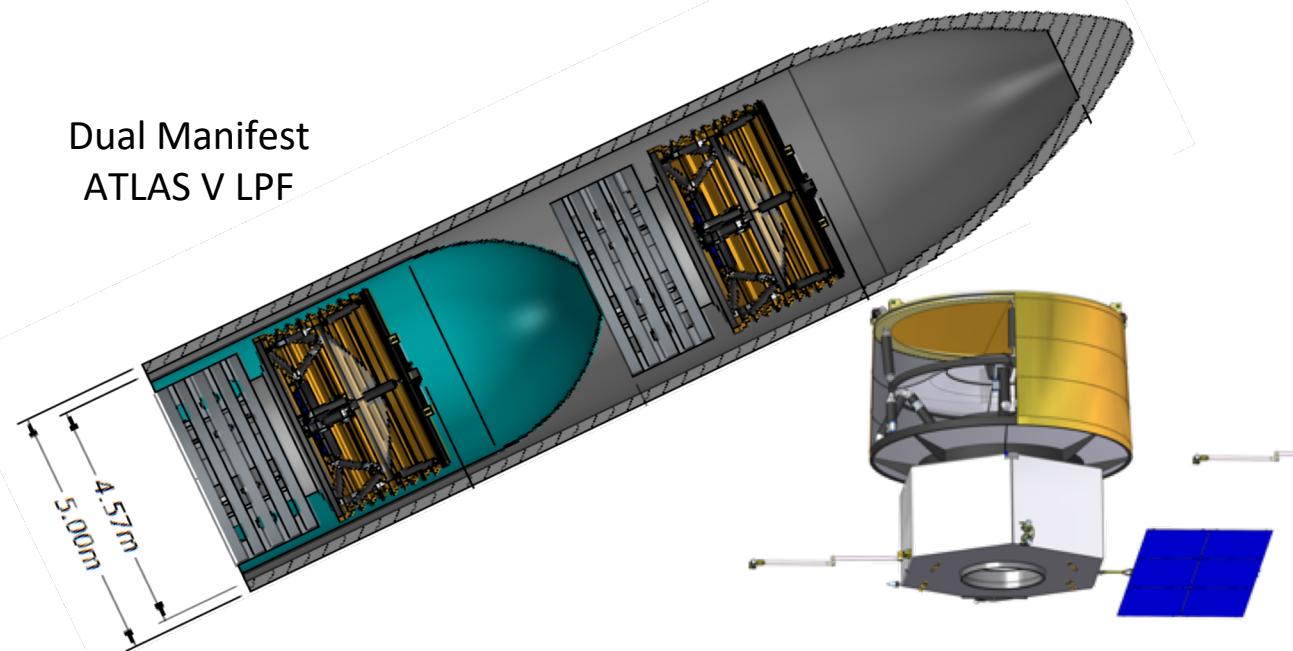
TABLE I: POEMMA Specifications:

Photometer Components		Spacecraft	
Optics	Schmidt	45° full FoV	Slew rate
	Primary Mirror	4 m diam.	Pointing Res.
	Corrector Lens	3.3 m diam.	Pointing Know.
	Focal Surface	1.6 m diam.	Clock synch.
	Pixel Size	$3 \times 3 \text{ mm}^2$	Data Storage
	Pixel FoV	0.084°	Communication
PFC	MAPMT (1μs)	126,720 pixels	Wet Mass
PCC	SiPM (20 ns)	15,360 pixels	Total Power
Photometer (One)		Mission	(2 Observatories)
	Mass	1,550 kg	Lifetime
	Power	590 W	Orbit
	Data	< 1 GB/day	Orbit Period
		Observatory Sep.	~25 - 1000+ km

Each Observatory = Photometer + Spacecraft; POEMMA Mission = 2 Observatories



Dual Manifest
ATLAS V LPF

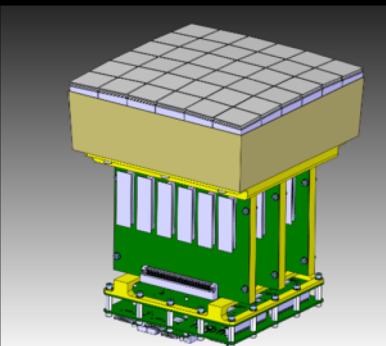


Hybrid Focal Surface

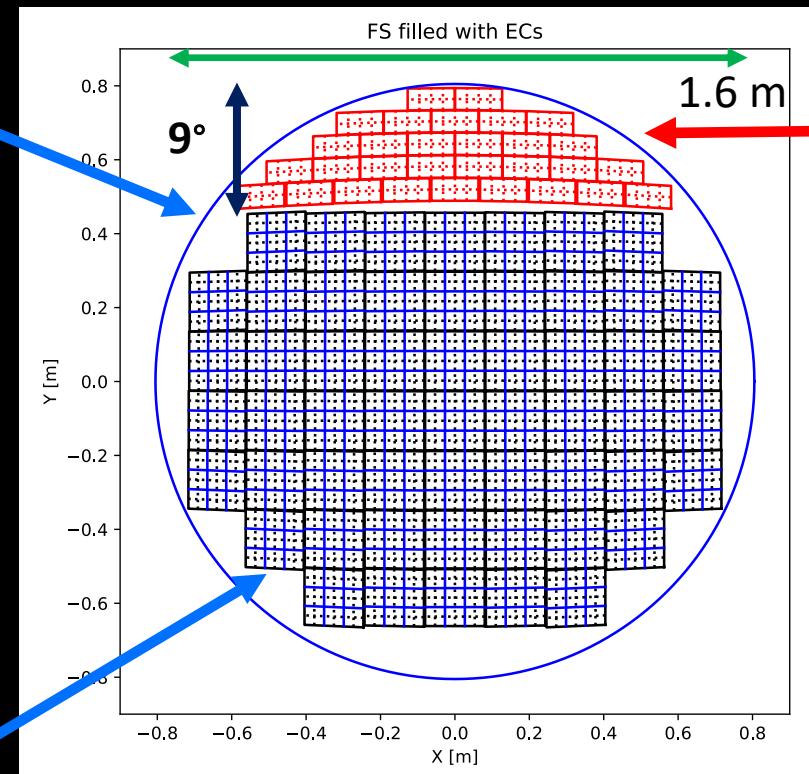
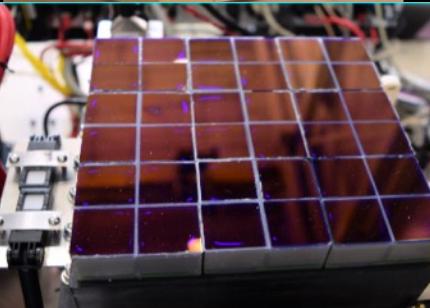
UV Fluorescence

MAPMTs with BG3 filter:

1 usec sampling



EUSO-SPB2
3 PDMs

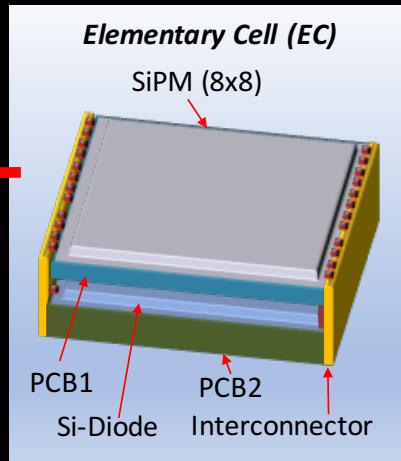


55 Photo Detector Modules (PDMs)
TOTAL 126,720 pixels
(1 PDM = 36 MAPMTs = 2,304 pixels)

Cherenkov Detection

SiPMs:

20 nsec sampling



30 SiPM focal surface units
Total 15,360 pixels
512 pixels per FSU (64x4x2)

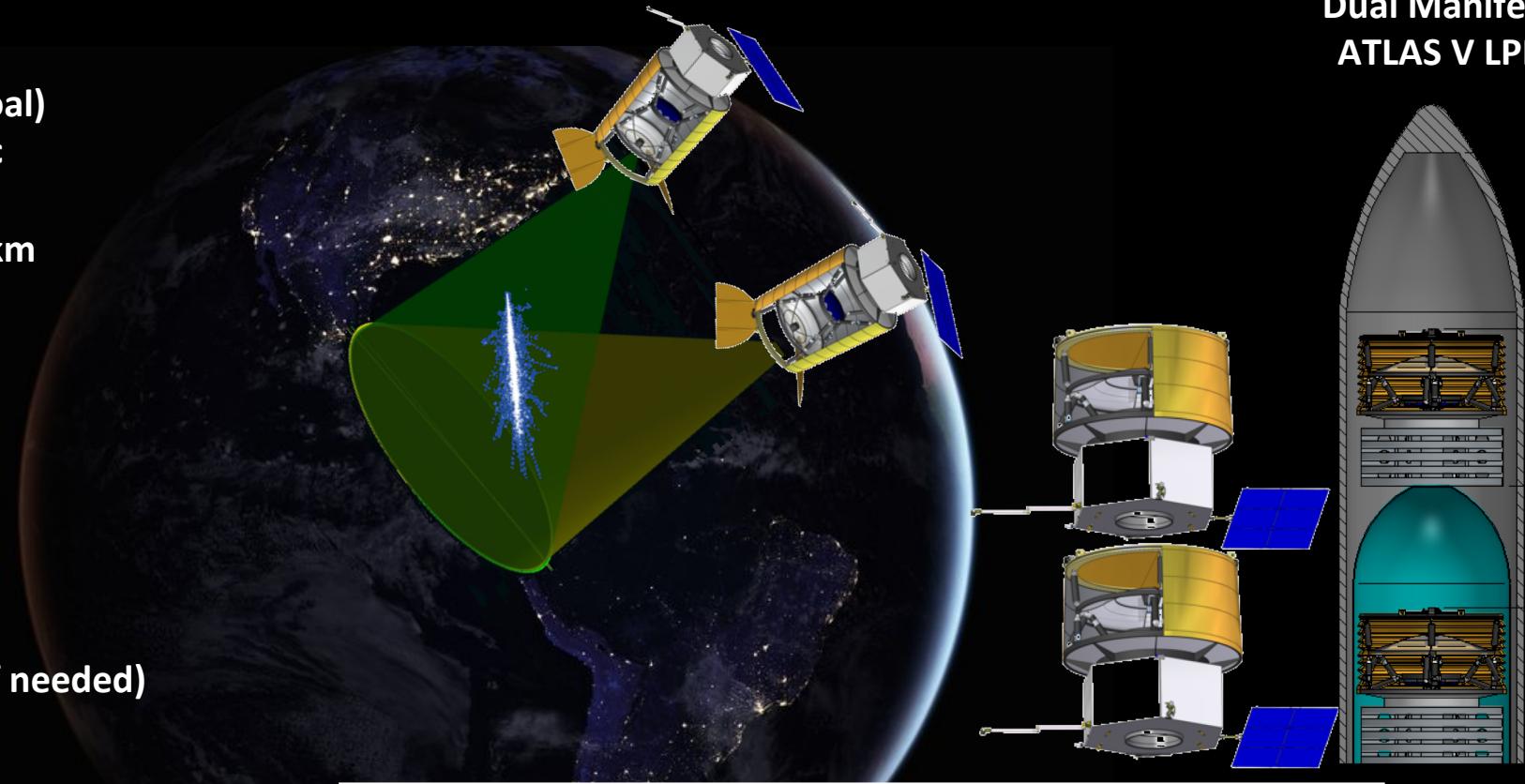


EUSO-SPB2
Cherenkov
Camera

POEMMA Mission

Dual Manifest
ATLAS V LPF

Mission Lifetime:	3 years (5 year goal)
Orbits:	525 km, 28.5° Inc
Orbit Period:	95 min
Satellite Separation:	~25 km – 1000+ km
Satellite Position:	1 m (knowledge)
Pointing Resolution:	0.1°
Pointing Knowledge:	0.01°
Slew Rate:	8 min for 90°
Satellite Wet Mass:	3860 kg
Power:	2030 W
Data:	1 GB/day
Data Storage:	7 days
Communication:	S-band (X-band if needed)
Clock synch (timing):	10 nsec

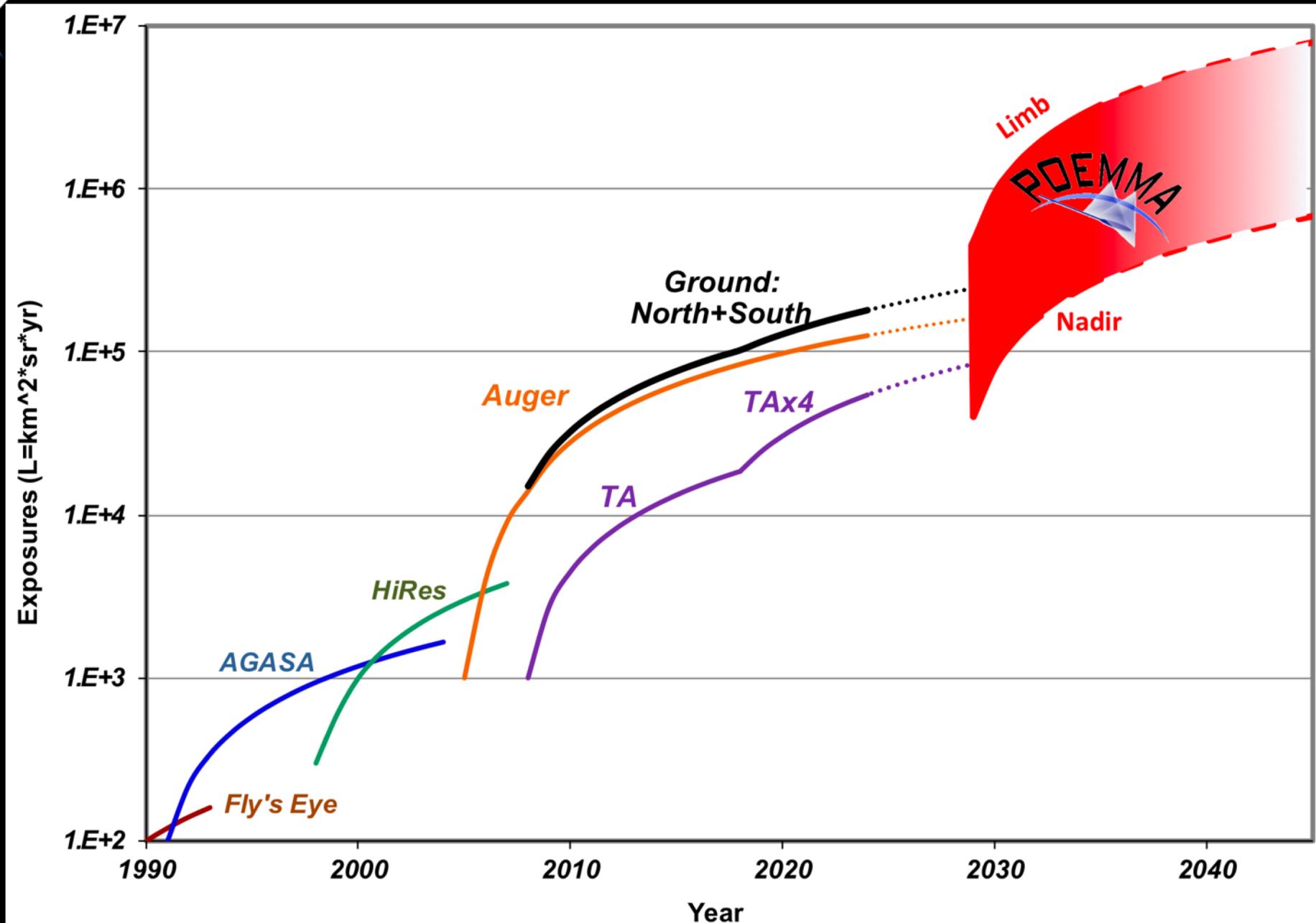


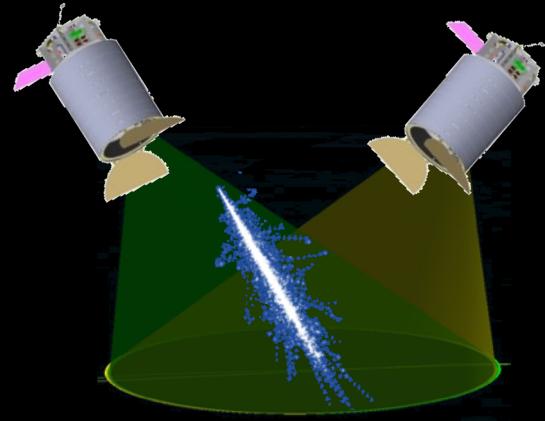
Operations:

- Each satellite collects data autonomously
- Coincidences analyzed on the ground
- View the Earth at near-moonless nights, charge in day and telemeter data to ground
- ToO Mode: dedicated com uplink to re-orient satellites

Observation Modes	Telescope Separation	Pointing	Science Goals (section)
POEMMA-Stereo (mode-2)	~300 km	down close to Nadir; overlapping atmospheric volumes	UHECR fluorescence (2.2, 2.3) precision stereo reconstruction UHECR lower energies 10s EeVs
POEMMA-Limb (mode-3)	~25 km	towards the Limb; azimuth follows ToO target overlapping volume at Limb	Neutrino Cherenkov (2.4, 2.5, 2.6) ToO-stereo
	~300 km	towards the Limb; overlapping volume nearby non-overlapping at Limb	UHECR fluorescence (2.2, 2.3) stereo reconstruction 10s EeV monocular for 100s EeVs
		fast slew towards the Limb from POEMMA-Stereo mode azimuth follows ToO target	Neutrino Cherenkov (2.4, 2.5, 2.6) ToO-dual

POEMMA UHECR Exposure

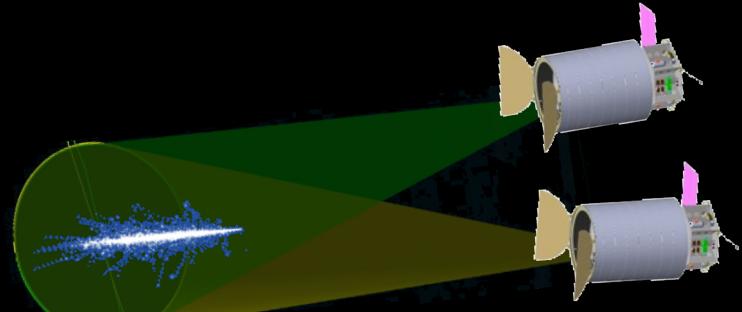




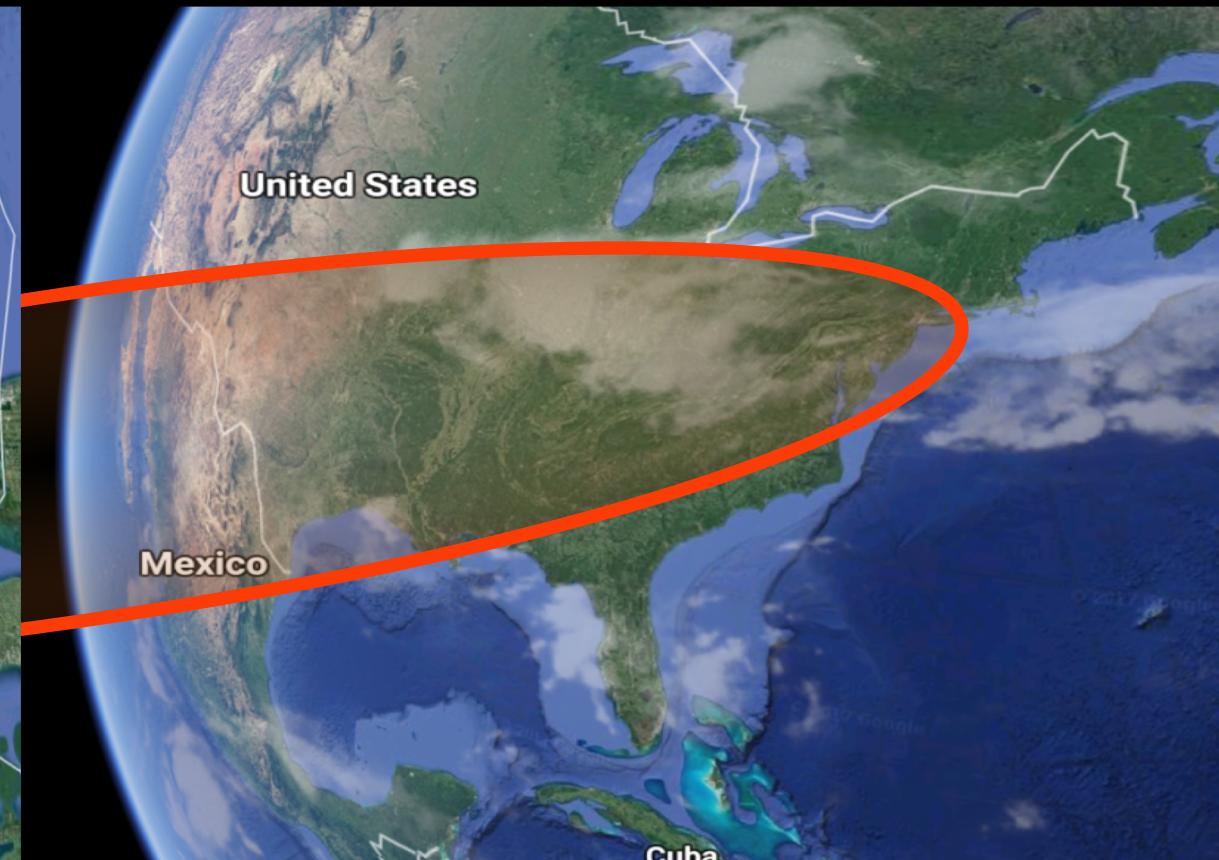
Nadir for UHECR: Radius 200-400 km



Observing Modes

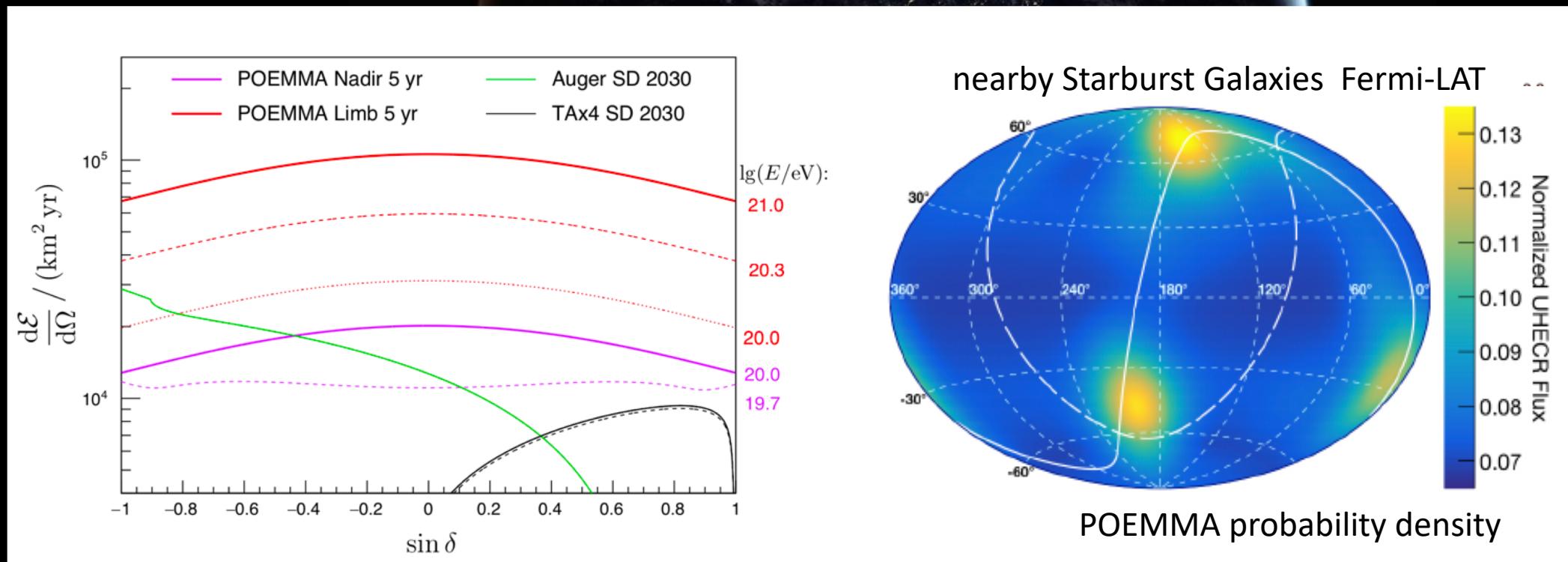


Limb for Neutrinos & UHECRs: Radius 3×10^3 km



POEMMA: UHECRs

significant increase in exposure $E > 50$ EeV
 good energy, angular, and shower maximum resolutions,
 accurately measure Composition, Spectrum, Anisotropies
Uniform sky coverage to discover of UHECR sources



Fluorescence Capabilities

Angular Resolution:

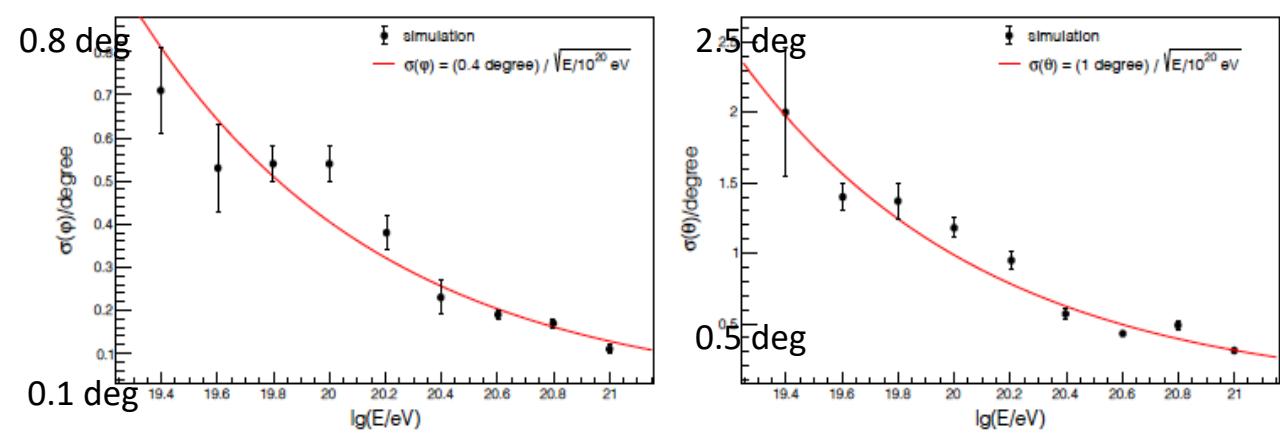


FIG. 5: POEMMA's simulated stereo-reconstructed angular resolution versus UHECR energy. Left: Azimuth angle, right: zenith angle.

Energy Resolution:

1 eye: 26% and 24% at 50 and 100 EeV;
2 eyes: 18% and 17% at 50 and 100 EeV

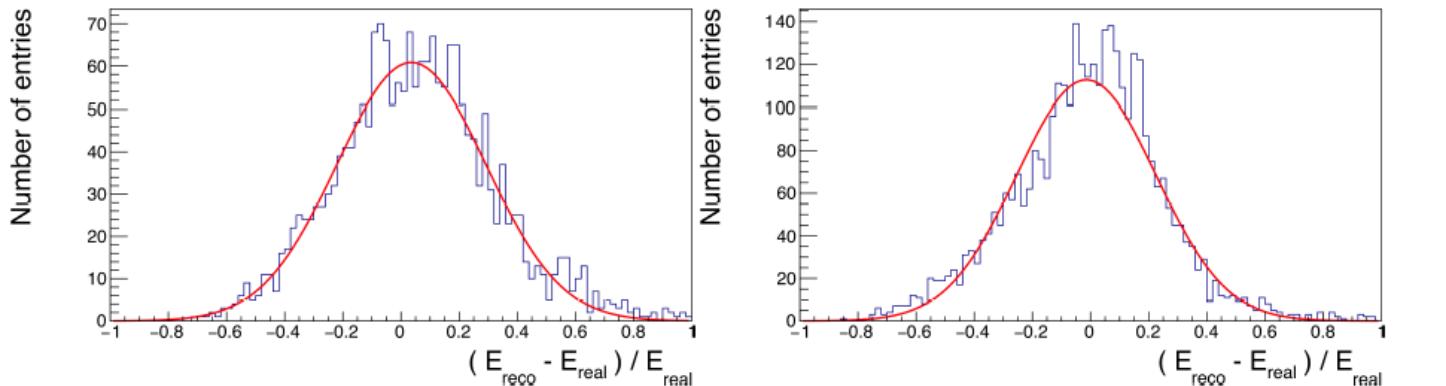


FIG. 36: ESAF simulated energy resolution assuming 1° zenith and azimuth angular resolution. Left: 50 EeV results, right: 100 EeV results.

X_{max} Resolution:

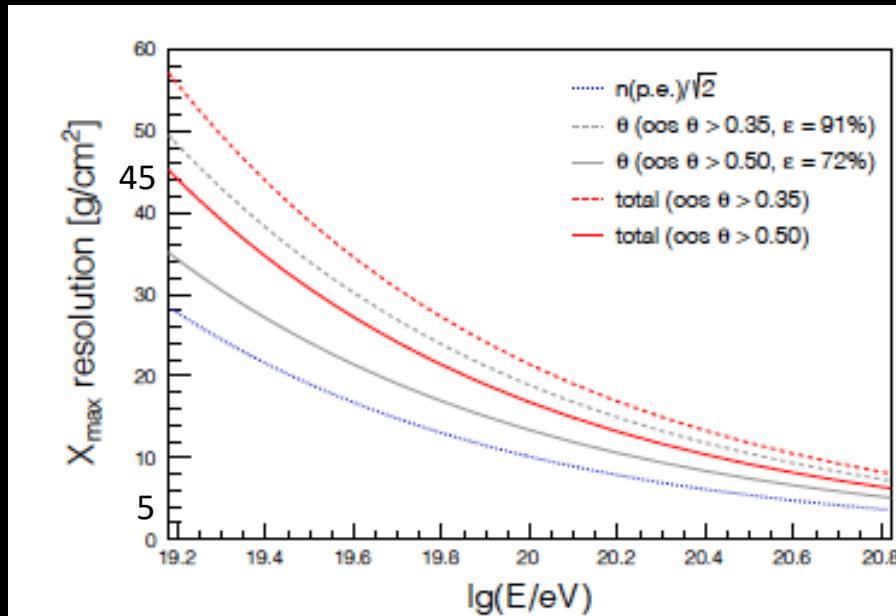
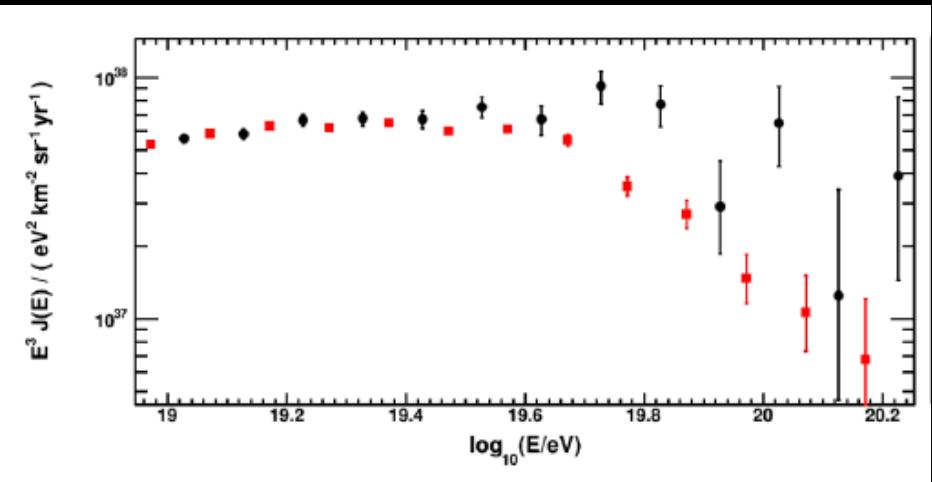


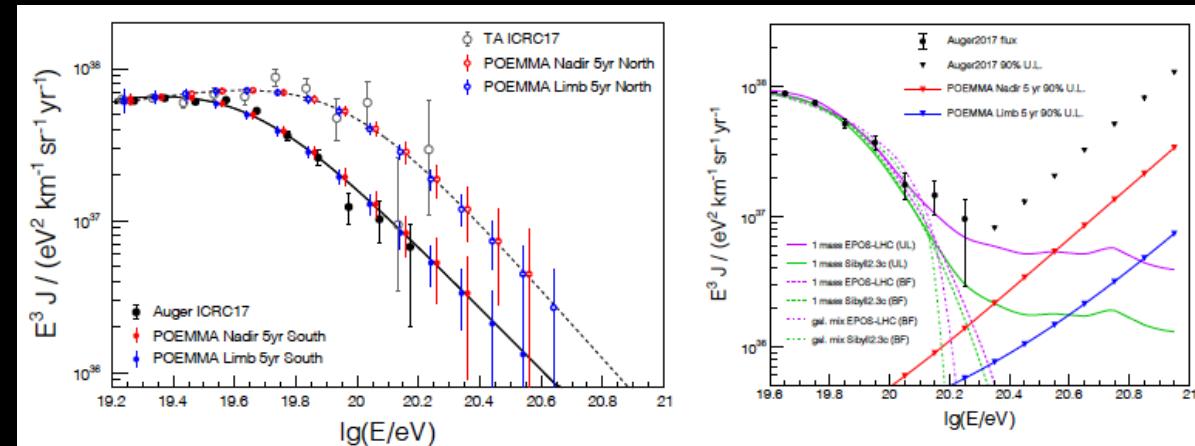
FIG. 17: Preliminary estimate of the X_{max} resolution of POEMMA in stereo mode. The contributions from the photo-electron statistics and angular resolution are shown in blue and gray respectively. The total resolution, obtained by adding both contributions in quadrature is shown in red for two cuts on the maximum zenith angle.

Current (2019) & POEMMA Observations

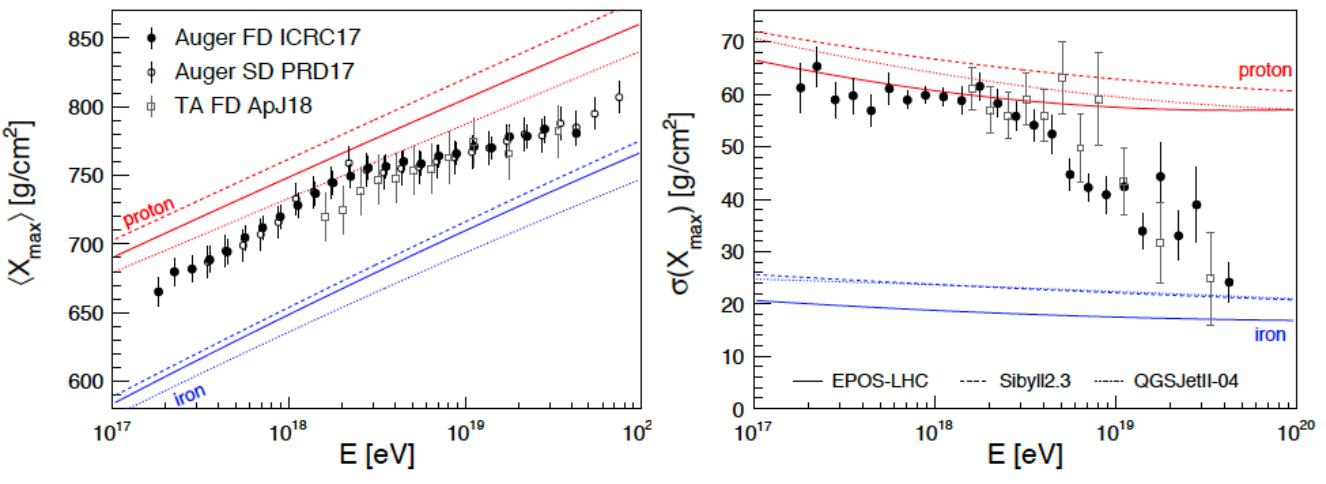
Current UHECR Spectrum



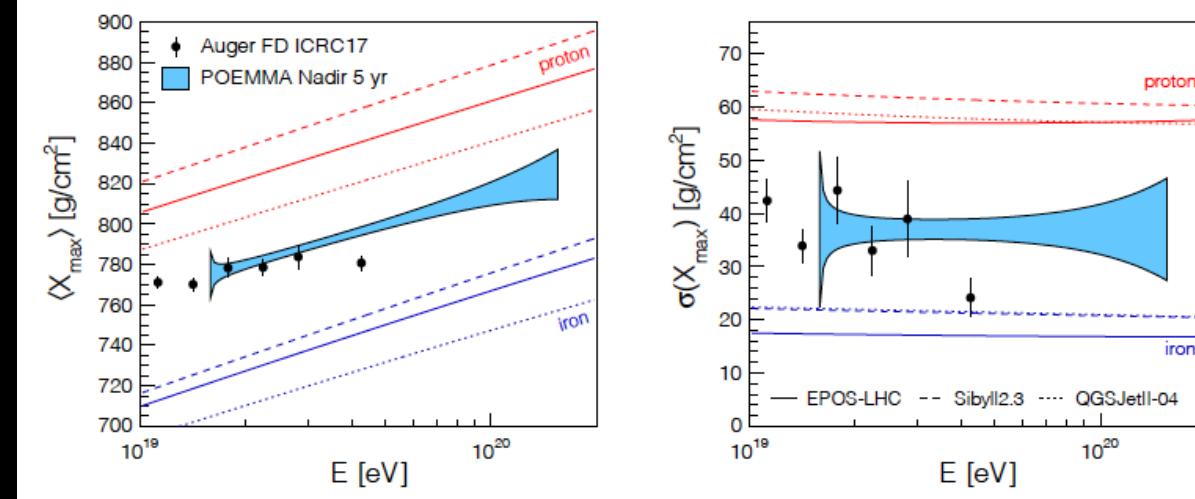
POEMMA UHECR Spectrum



Current UHECR Composition

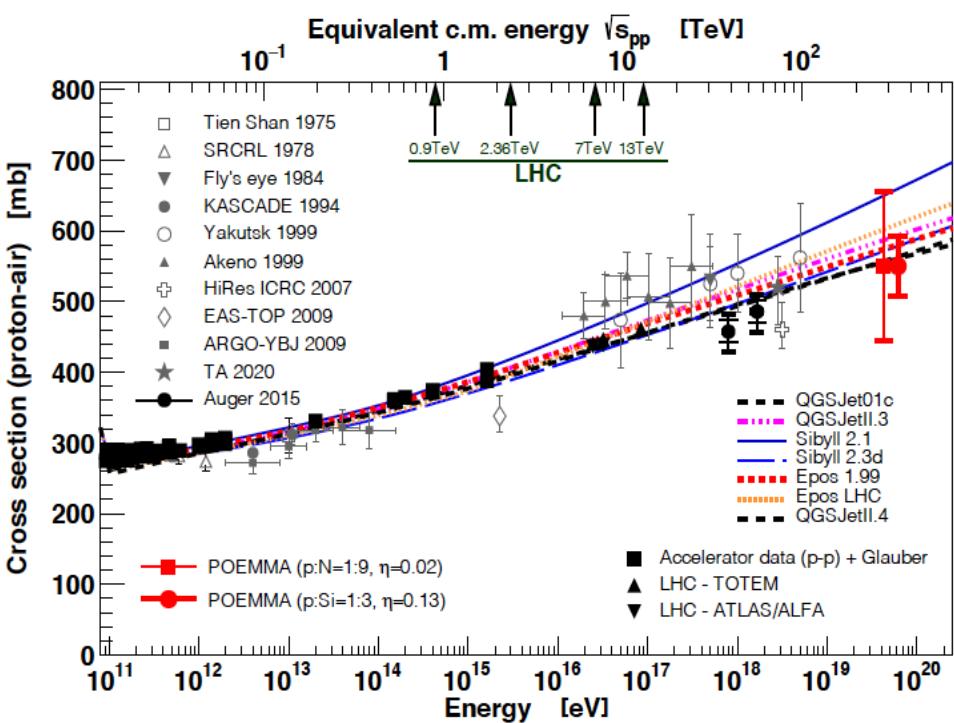


POEMMA UHECR Composition

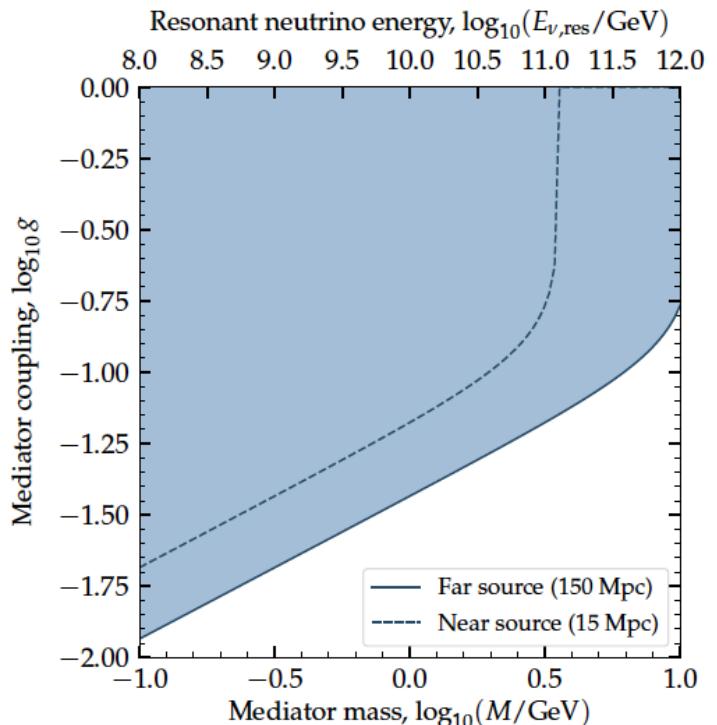


Particle Physics with POEMMA

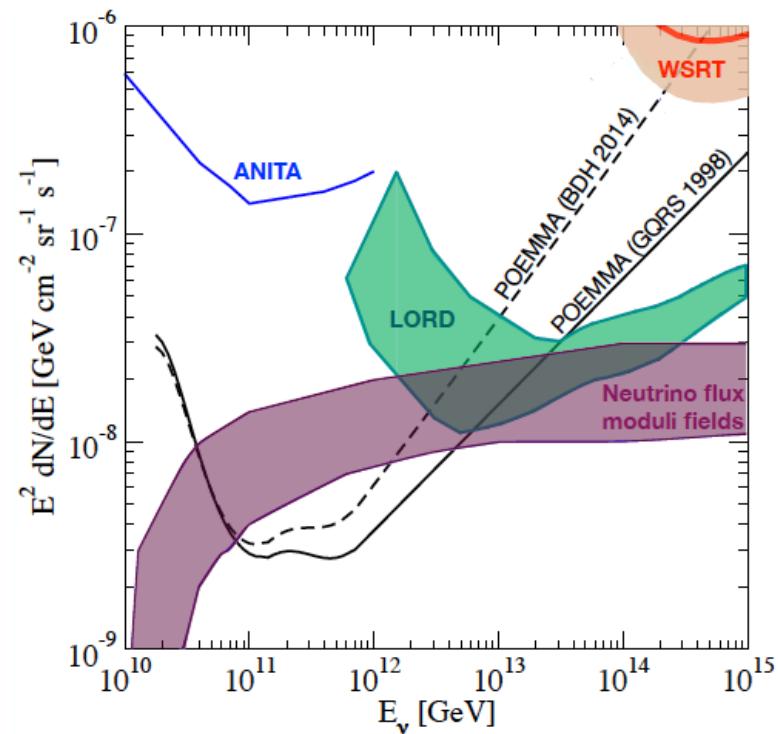
UHE proton-air cross section



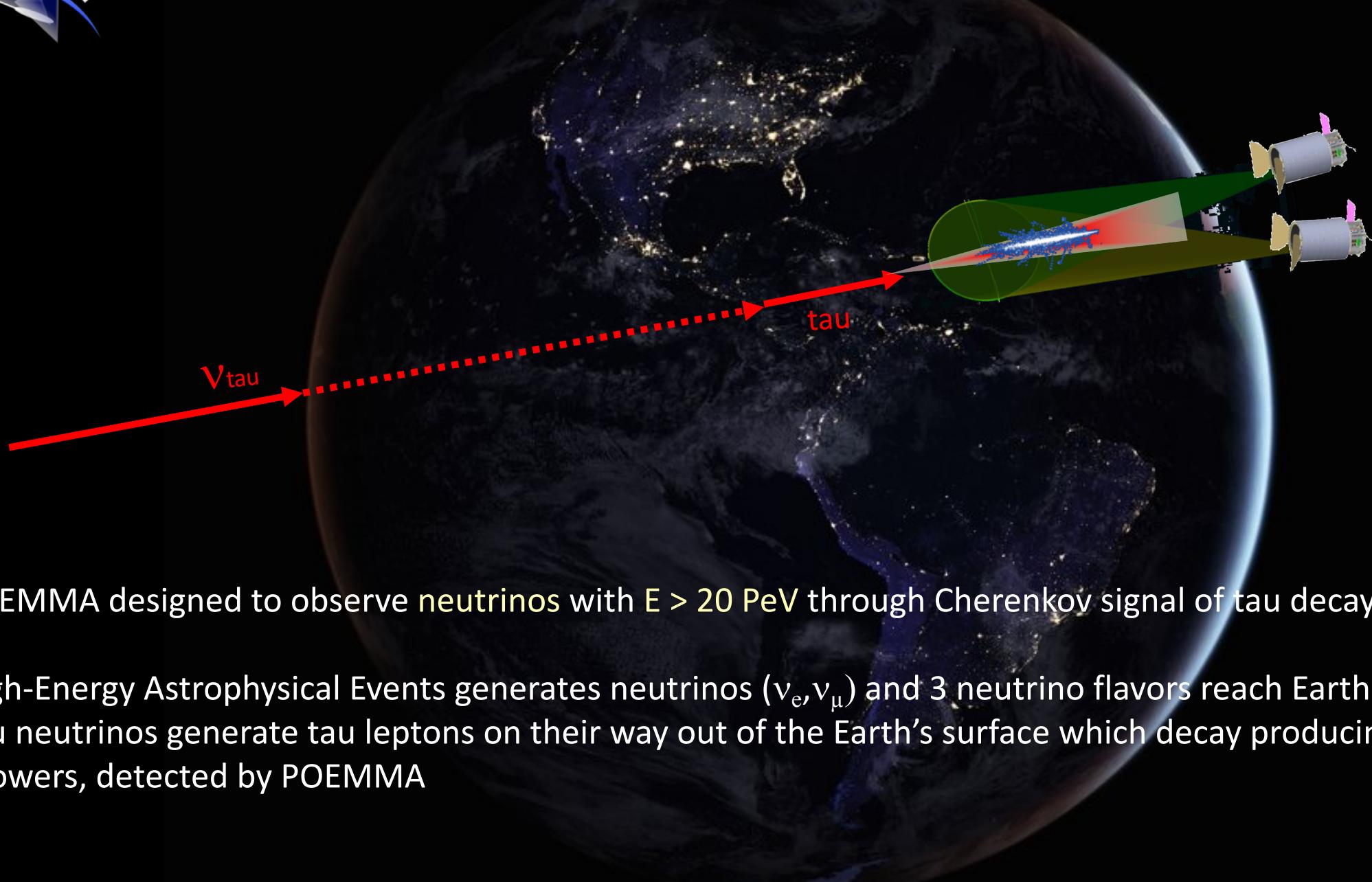
Sensitivity Secret Neutrino
Interactions with Cherenkov



Sensitivity UHE fluorescence
from all three neutrino flavors



POEMMA: Neutrinos



POEMMA designed to observe neutrinos with $E > 20 \text{ PeV}$ through Cherenkov signal of tau decays.

High-Energy Astrophysical Events generates neutrinos (ν_e, ν_μ) and 3 neutrino flavors reach Earth (Oscillations). Tau neutrinos generate tau leptons on their way out of the Earth's surface which decay producing up-going showers, detected by POEMMA

Artist's rep NS-NS merger.
Credit: NSF/LIGO/SSU/A. Simonnet.

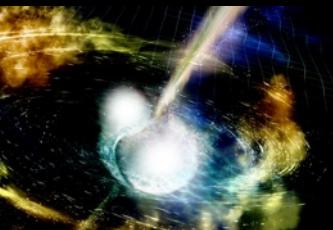
POEMMA: Neutrino Target of Opportunity

arXiv:1906.07209

Artist's rep WD-WD merger
Credit: Ars Technica

Venters et al 2019 **Transient Events - 10s neutrinos/event from 10s of Mpc**

Artist's rep TDE (star torn BH).
Credit: NASA / CXC / M. Weiss



Artist's rep BH-BH merger.
Credit: NASA / JPL/
Swinburne Astron. Prods

NS-NS merger Animation
Credit: NASA / GSFC/Berry & Drezek

SWIFT NEUTRON STAR COLLISION V. 2



ANIMATION: DANA BERRY
310-441-1735

Binary PRODUCED BY ERICA DREZEK
Coalescence



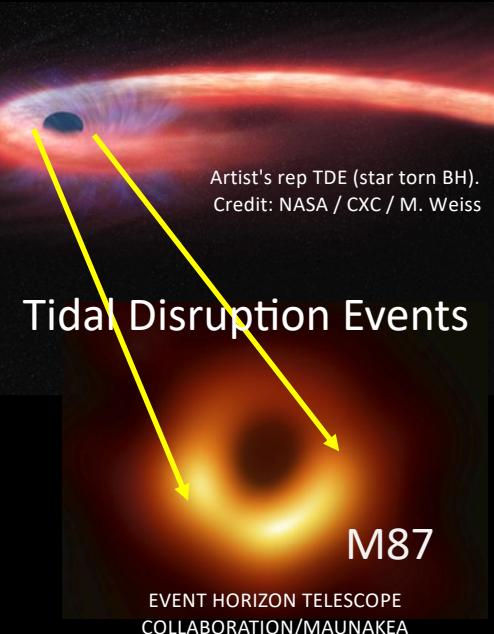
Blazar Flares

Long Bursts				
Source Class	No. of ν 's at GC	No. of ν 's at 3 Mpc	Largest Distance for 1.0 ν per event	Model Reference
TDEs	1.1×10^5	0.8	3 Mpc	Dai and Fang [17] average
TDEs	5.6×10^5	3.9	6 Mpc	Dai and Fang [17] bright
TDEs	2.2×10^8	1.4×10^3	115 Mpc	Lunardini and Winter [18] $M_{\text{SMBH}} = 5 \times 10^6 M_{\odot}$ Lumi Scaling Model
TDEs	6.3×10^7	396	62 Mpc	Lunardini and Winter [18] Base Scenario
Blazar Flares	NA*	NA*	43 Mpc	RFGBW [19] – FSRQ proton-dominated advective escape model
IGRB Reverse Shock (ISM)	9.9×10^4	0.7	2 Mpc	Murase [15]
IGRB Reverse Shock (wind)	2.0×10^7	144	37 Mpc	Murase [15]
BH-BH merger	2.3×10^7	160	39 Mpc	Kotera and Silk [20] (rescaled) Low Fluence
BH-BH merger	2.4×10^8	1.7×10^3	119 Mpc	Kotera and Silk [20] (rescaled) High Fluence
NS-NS merger	3.6×10^6	24.8	13 Mpc	Fang and Metzger [21]
WD-WD merger	20.0	0	33 kpc	XMM [22]
Newly-born Crab-like pulsars (p)	1.6×10^2	1.1×10^{-3}	98 kpc	Fang [23]
Newly-born magnetars (p)	2.1×10^4	0.1	1 Mpc	Fang [23]
Newly-born magnetars (Fe)	4.1×10^4	0.3	2 Mpc	Fang [23]

Short Bursts

Source Class	No. of ν 's at GC	No. of ν 's at 3 Mpc	Largest Distance for 1.0 ν per event	Model Reference
sGRB Extended Emission (moderate)	9.0×10^7	6.5×10^2	81 Mpc	KMMK [16]

(*) Not applicable due to a lack of known blazars within 100 Mpc.



Gamma Ray Bursts



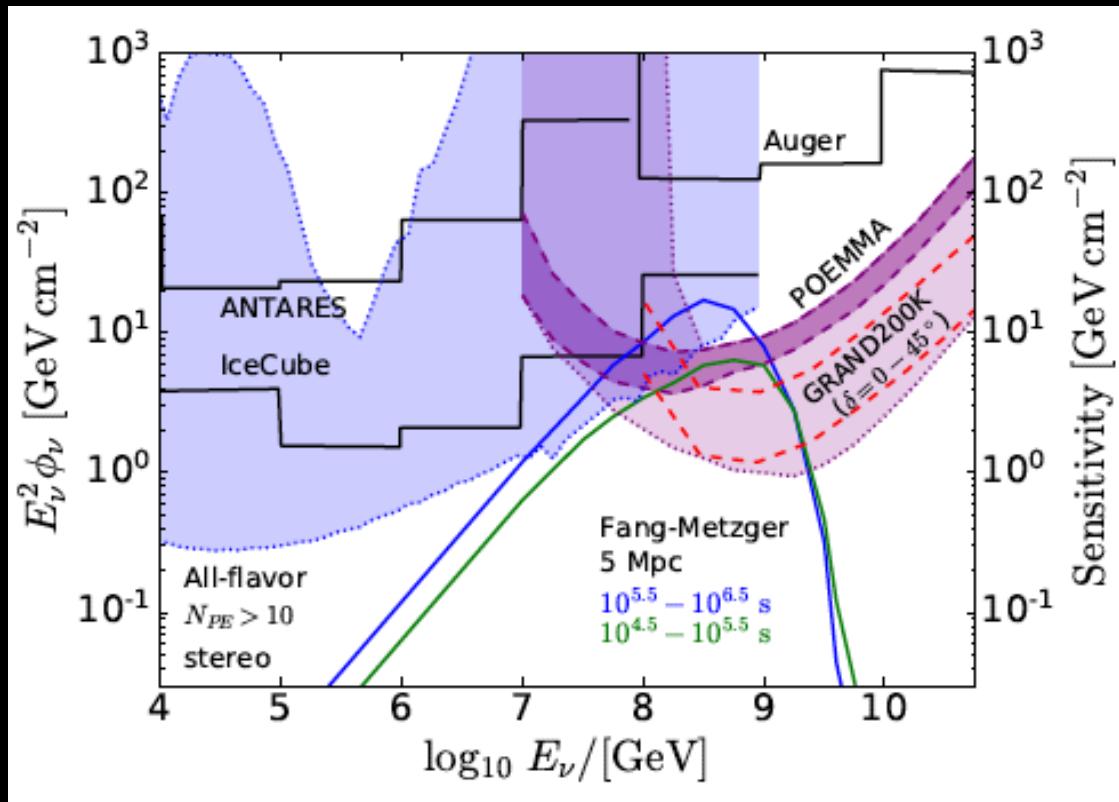
Crab 965 years ago!

Newborn Pulsars

Credits: X-ray: NASA/CXC/ASU/J. Hester et al.;
Optical: NASA/HST/ASU/J. Hester et al.

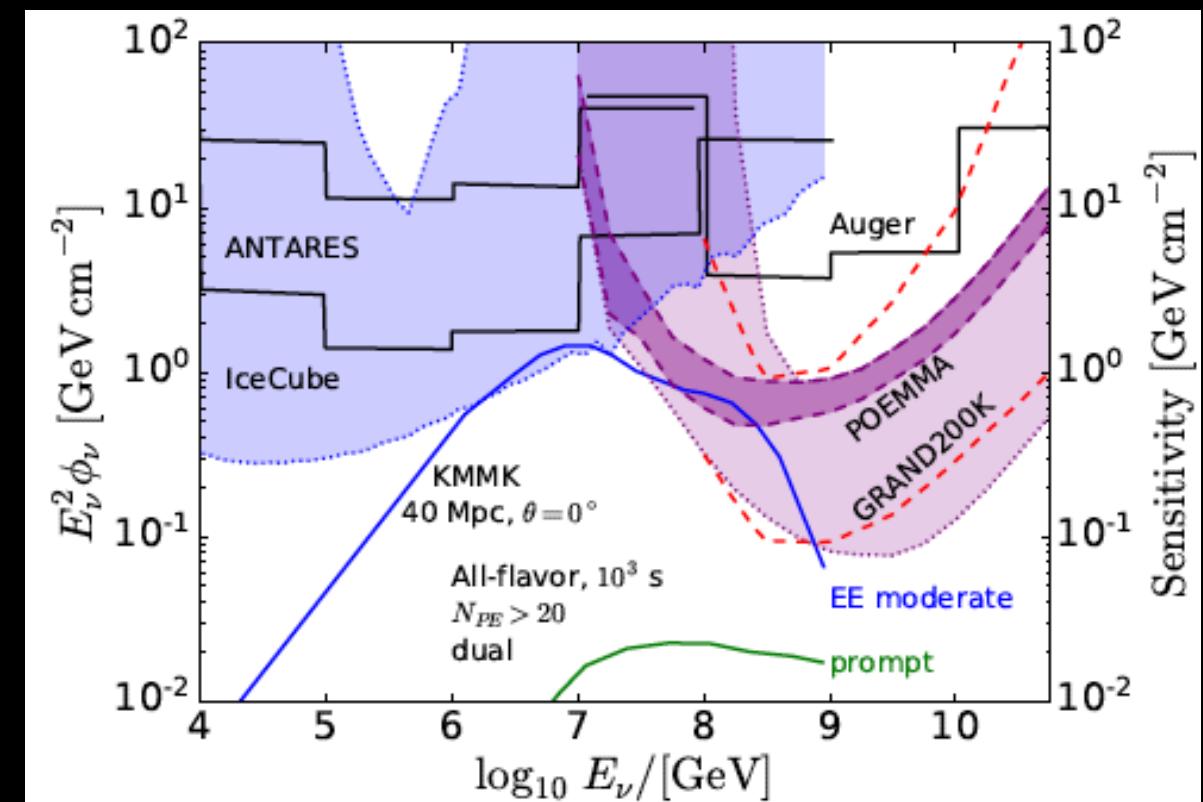
Transient Neutrino Point Source Sensitivity

Long Bursts



Fang & Metzger, arXiv:1707.04263

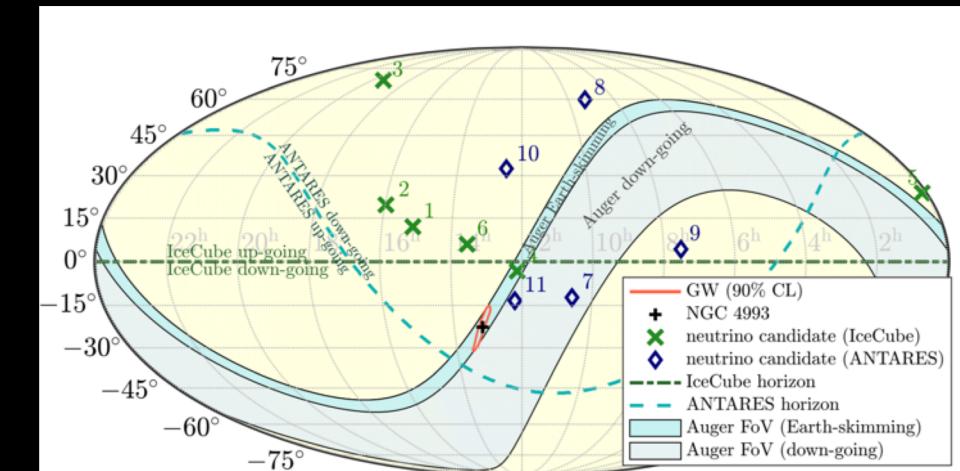
Short Bursts (<100 s)



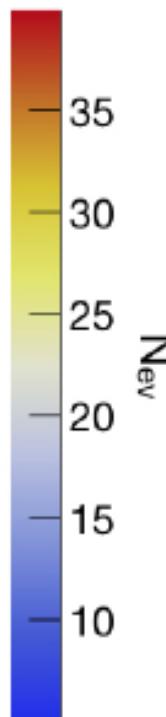
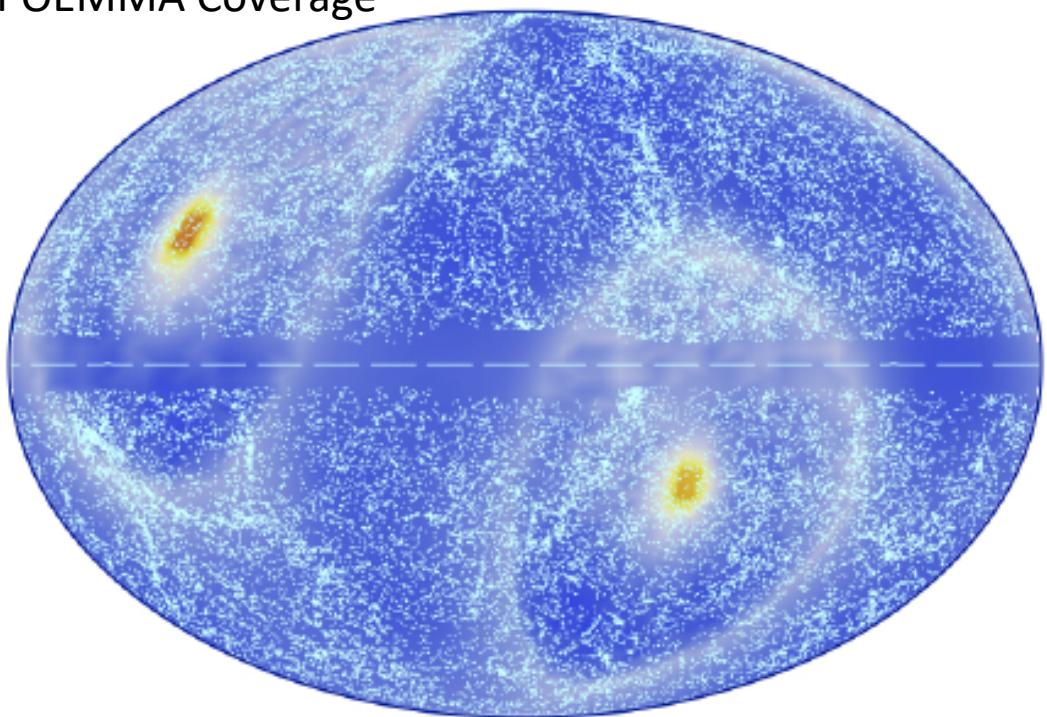
Kimura et al, arXiv:1708.07075

Venters et al. arXiv:1906.07209 and AVO et al. arXiv:2012.0794

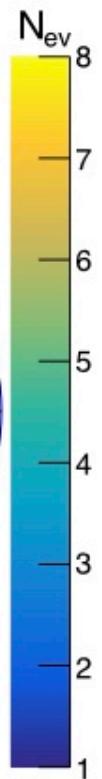
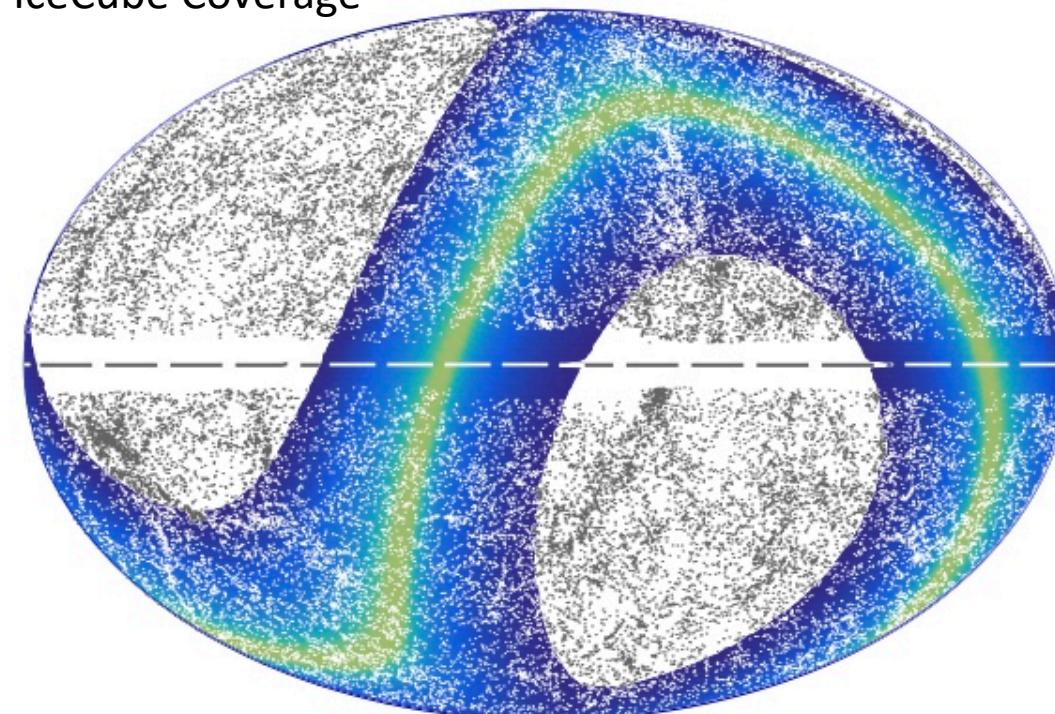
Full Sky Coverage IHOE-IHDE Neutrinos



POEMMA Coverage



IceCube Coverage





POEMMA

UHECR and Neutrino Observations

Earth's Atmosphere = Particle Observatory to discover the Origin of the Highest Energy Cosmic Rays ($E > 10^{19}$ eV) and High Energy Neutrino Emission ($E > 10^{16}$ eV) from Astrophysical Events and Study New Astro/Physics

